THE WASHINGTON BEE

VOL. XXVI NO. 47 WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY APRIL 20, 1907.

Congressional Library

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

INTERESTING EXERCISES MONDAY NIGHT.

There was a representative audience present last Monday night in 19th Street Baptist Church. The occasion was a meeting commemorative of the death of Abraham Lincoln. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Robert F. Lewis, who is one of the most gifted young orators in this city. Mr. Lewis, after he called the meeting to order, asked that Rev. Walter H. Brook invoke divine blessing. It was a most eloquent prayer. The choir then rendered several musical selections, followed by Mrs. Blackburn, who rendered very sweetly a vocal solo. She is one of the sweetest singers in the city.

President Lewis then made a few opening remarks as follows, which were received with great enthusiasm:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—

The waves dashed high; the thunders
echoed far;
The lightnings flashed into the dismal
gloom,
The bolts by Vulcan forged in nature's
womb,
And earth was shaken by the furious
war!
The ship of state was strained in every
spar!
And strong men felt that now had come
their doom;
And weak men scanned the dark heavens for a star.
On, on the field of battle march the
black man,
Two hundred thousand strong,
Though shot and shell flew thick and
fast,
With sabre at his side and musket in his
hand,
To save them from a fratricidal tomb.
But one amid the strife, collected, calm,
Patient and resolute, was firm, and trod
The deck defiant of the angry storm,
Guiding the ship like to some ancient
god!
And high upon the scroll of endless
fame
In diamond letters flashes Lincoln's
name.

I take great pleasure in introducing to you a man who knows no fear and one who will speak of Lincoln as he was.

Mr. Chase stepped forward and was loudly applauded. He said among other things that forty-two years ago, April 14, the bullet of an assassin silenced the tongue and laid low the world's greatest benefactor, philanthropist and humanitarian. It was the year in which the most bloody and inhuman conflict had come to a close and four million of human beings and wards of the nation were about to realize the fruits of freedom and an independence which were consummated by a blood conflict. It was the realization of a hope that brought happiness and peace to the heart and mind of a grateful nation. It was the year, my friends, this nation and this republic had ended a conflict that had emancipated the slaves or wards of the nation. Abraham Lincoln believed in the Constitution of the United States and the enforcement of that instrument. He believed in a government of, by and for the people. While many demanded that he should save the Union with slavery, he was thoroughly convinced that it could not be done, because the abolitionists of the North demanded the freedom of the slaves, hence existing conditions forced him to issue and sign the Emancipation Proclamation. He soon found out what the trend of public sentiment was. He was convinced that this could not longer exist as a republic with one-half slaves and one-half freemen. Either slavery or the sacrifice of the Union—this was the time, this was the hour that he became the emancipator of the Negroes.

Mr. Chase read the acts of the 30th Congress, in which Mr. Lincoln took an active part. He read the opinion that the late Frederick Douglass gave of Mr. Lincoln, which was listened to with the greatest attention. He showed that Mr. Lincoln always believed in emancipation of the Negro and to give him the ballot. He quoted many of Mr. Lincoln's sayings on the Negro which were very interesting. At the conclusion of his address he was loudly applauded. He was followed by Recorder of Deeds J. C. Dancy. Mr. Dancy made a most eloquent speech. He cited many instances of importance in the life of Lincoln. He was loudly applauded throughout the delivery of his address.

Judge E. M. Hewlett was the next speaker. Mr. Hewlett reviewed the life of Lincoln. He compared him with President Roosevelt, to the extent that Lincoln didn't believe in retaliatory measures without proof. Lincoln, he said, did not accept the suggestions of the late Frederick Douglass when Mr. Douglass wanted Mr. Lincoln to retaliate when the colored soldiers were shot down and not regarded soldiers of war. Mr. Lincoln could not punish the innocent without proof. You can see the difference of the two men, Lincoln and Roosevelt. He named several black heroes who had shed blood to uphold this republic. He concluded by offering the following resolutions, which were adopted by the vast audience present by a standing vote:

Whereas, The Hon. Joseph B. Foraker has always been the champion of justice and fair play towards all citizens, regardless of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

And whereas, he has all along insisted that the gallant soldiers of Companies B, C and D of the 25th Infantry were entitled to a hearing before being discharged, as by order of the President,

And whereas, by his persistent demand for the same a committee of the Senate was appointed to investigate the shooting up of Brownsville, and through the masterly conduct of the investigation by Senator Foraker it has been clearly shown that no soldier of the said companies fired a shot or has any knowledge of who did, therefore be it

Resolved, that we, the colored citizens of Washington, D. C., in mass meeting assembled, congratulate the Hon. J. B. Foraker for his manly stand, and able conduct of the case, and call upon the colored citizens of the country to give him their united support whenever the occasion presents itself.

It as a great meeting and at the conclusion of the reading of above resolutions endorsing Senator Foraker, ladies waved their handkerchiefs and men shouted. It was a scene long to be remembered.

THE TRINITY BAPTIST CHURCH.

Some weeks ago a number of members from Shiloh Baptist Church, of which Rev. J. A. Taylor was formerly pastor, asked for and received their letters. On last Wednesday night, April 10, several of the leading colored Baptist ministers, namely, Dr. Norman of the Metropolitan Baptist Church, Dr. Bishop Johuson of the Second Baptist Church, Dr. Loving of the Enon Baptist Church, and Rev. A. Sales of Providence Baptist Church, met by request and organized them into an independent Missionary Baptist Church entitled Trinity, and so reported to the Baptist Ministers' Conference Monday, April 15. The report was received and adopted by the entire body.

The new church called Rev. J. A. Taylor as their pastor, elected their officers and commenced its career with bright prospects of future success.

The new organization will hold their services at the True Reformers' Hall until the first Sunday in May wnen they will enter their new quarters in Church street.

The church officers are as follows: Deacons, Israel Cook, chairman; Jefferson Minor, Arthur Lewis, Benjamin Green, Wm. Curtis, Charles Jones, Wm. H. Reed. Trustees, Rufus Delany, Willis Jones, Wm. Diggs, R. F. Hughes, W. H. Jones; Treasurer, Wm. H. Rose; Secretary, Mrs. Virginia Shelton.

About fifty additional members who left Shiloh Church with Dr. Taylor went to Shiloh Church last evening and asked for their letters of withdrawal. When the list is complete it will reach to about 250 or 300. The recognition council will be held in the Vermont Avenue Baptist Church Wednesday, May 1, at 1 o'clock, at which time the leading Baptist ministers in the city will be present.

TEACHERS' FOURTH SESSION.

The National Association of Negro teachers will hold its Fourth Annual Session at Hampton Institute, Hampton, Va., July 17, 18, 19. This will be the same week of the Hampton Conference. The present indications are that this will be the largest gathering of Negro teachers ever had in the United States.

It is very evident that the Negro teachers of the country have fully decided nad have succeeded in permanently organizing into a National Association. There is no doubt that great good will come of this Annual Conference of Negro teachers.

The management will take advantage of the very low railroad rates prevailing at that time to the Jamestown Exposition.

President J. R. E. Lee of Tuskegee Institute, Ala., and the corresponding secretary, Jas. B. Dudley, of Greensboro, N. C., are anxious to correspond with teachers throughout the country concerning the Hampton meeting.

It has leaked out that Uncle Joe Cannon and his party of Congressional sightseers to the Isthmus of Panama were snubbed slightly and almost insulted by canal officials. Had they let Admiral Walker, U. S. N., alone, the Isthmus would now be completed.

Read The Bee.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

BY MISS BEATRIZ L. CHASE.

"A short interview at the White House," drawn by E. W. Kemble in last week's Colliers' Weekly, gives the President a very "impressive" appearance.

According to the estimation of the Census Bureau, the continental Union consists of 83,941,510 persons, and the entire population, 13,182,200. These figures may not reach the exact number of American citizens.

The Surrey Lodge, G. U. O. of O. F., Jamaica, B. W. I., sends greeting to their brother Odd Fellows of the United States and appeals for assistance.

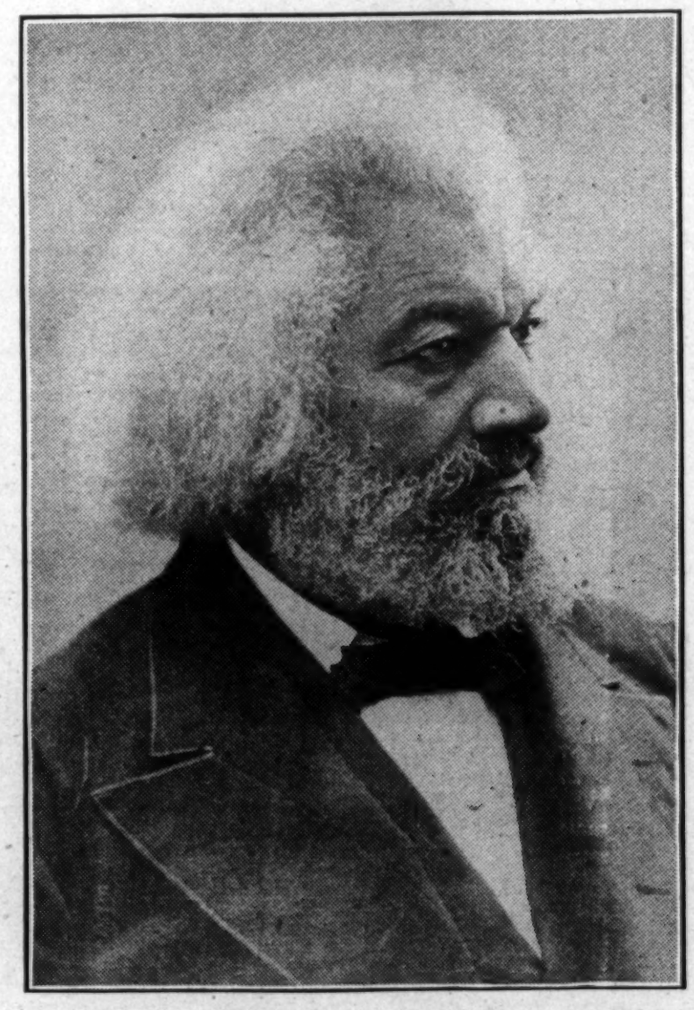
Mr. Arthur Wimberly, who studied law at Howard University, but was forced to leave by the illness of his father a few weeks prior to graduating, has applied for admission to practice law in Indiana and if admitted, says the Interview, may live in Richmond, Ind.

Peruna is having its time before a New York jury, and there seems to be some doubt as to whether it is a "medicine or plain booze."

After reproducing a poem of The

Continued on 4th Page.

LINCOLN AND EMANCIPATION.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN, THE LIBERATOR AND HUMANITARIAN.



FREDERICK DOUGLASS, THE AGITATOR AND ORATOR.

OPEN LETTER

To Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States.

Sir:—

You have been able to find one colored man in the State of Ohio who is willing to serve your selfish desires. You are of the opinion, no doubt, that the appointment of Ralph W. Taylor of Columbus, Ohio, as auditor of the Navy Department will satisfy the discharge of the colored companies. I want to inform you, so that you will not labor under a delusion, that the appointment of one million colored men to office will not influence them against the Senator from Ohio, Mr. Foraker. I thought I would let you know just the position of the colored voters throughout the country. If I was Ralph W. Taylor and Ralph W. Taylor was the Editor of The Bee, I would inform the President that I object to being used as a catspaw or a toady to rebuke a man who has been a friend to my race. This appointment, Mr. President, is not a drop in the bucket. It will only influence one vote in the entire State of Ohio and that vote no doubt is doubtful—Ralph W. Taylor. You will be convinced, Mr. President, that the colored Americans are manly and the time has come for them to assert their independence. I have ascertained the sentiment of the colored voters and they denounce this appointment as having no political effect on the colored voters of this country. This is not the way to convince the colored Americans that you are their friend. That time has passed, Mr. President. When such a man as John Temple Graves of Georgia nominates you for the Presidency, I think that the time has surely arrived for the devil to hold weekly prayer meetings and invite tom dixon of "The Clansman" forward to repentance. Now, don't you think so? Three companies of colored soldiers discharged in disgrace and without honor and one Ohio Negro appointed to second-class auditorship. Who ever heard of such a thing? You are wasting time, Mr. President, as well as rebuking the patience of eleven millions of loyal colored Americans. Should you succeed in naming Mr. Taft, your secretary of war, the colored voters of the country will not vote for him. I beg leave to call your attention to an editorial from the Seattle, Washington, Republican, the organ of the party in the State:

"If Secretary Taft wins the Ohio supremacy contest and is nominated for the Presidency, and if Bryan is nominated by the Democrats, demagogue though he is, fully ninety per cent of the Negro voters of the North will vote for Bryan."

You can readily see, Mr. President, the way the colored voters of the North East and West are thinking. You want to show to the colored voters that you are not prejudiced. If you are not against the colored voters why do you allow so much discrimination to exist in your Executive departments? Why do you permit the head of your Commerce department to ignore the claims of worthy colored applicants? Do you know that the Jews are now being appointed in that department by the wholesale? I am not finding fault with the Jews, because they have been treated as badly as the Negro, but I do say that the Jewish vote in this country is not as large as the colored vote, and the latter has received less consideration. You would say that the colored man could not be trusted if he deserted Senator Foraker at this time, would you not? If you have no color prejudice why didn't you appoint Mr. Ralph W. Taylor to the Surveyorship at Cleveland? Why did you listen to the protest of your son-in-law, little Nick Longworth? Just wait until he is nominated again for Congress. It was rumored that Senator Dick would desert Senator Foraker, but all doubts have been set at rest. Senator Dick is a man in whom the Republicans of Ohio have some faith, as well as they have in Senator Foraker. Does Mr. Taft remember his North Carolina speech? I thought it best, Mr. President, to let you know how the colored vote stood so that you would make no more blunders. Don't have such a small opinion of the colored man, Mr. President. Don't come to the conclusion that he is so easily bribed with offices. Don't for a moment believe that he is going to desert Senator Foraker. Not by any means. He is today a great American who loves his country and is supporting the constitution. He doesn't intend to violate any laws. He is going to do what is right and praper. He is watching the signs of the times and to tell you in plain English that he doesn't intend to support you or any man you nominate. He has received from you nothing and he expects nothing. When your war secretary returns to Ohio you will see that he will get cold comfort. By the way, I understand that you intend to send forth your officeholders to make a few speeches for you. Now, if you don't want their feelings insulted, don't send them out, because you will cause a riot.

With my best wishes believe me to be
Sincerely yours,
THE EDITOR.

LINCOLN AND DOUGLASS.

When Frederick Douglass called at the Executive Mansion to see Mr. Lincoln he submitted four propositions to him:

First—You must give colored soldiers the same pay that you give white soldiers.

Second—You must compel the Confederate States to treat colored soldiers who are captured, as prisoners of war.

Third—When any colored man or soldier performs brave, meritorious exploits in the field, you must enable me to say to them that they will be promoted for such service precisely as white men promoted for similar service.

Fourth—In case any colored soldiers are murdered in cold blood and taken prisoners, you should retaliate in kind.

A Pure Milk Commission has been organized in the District of Columbia with the Commissioners interested.

What I Saw And Heard

There are some people in this world who imagine that they know everything and cannot be taught anything. It is always well to listen to those who are able to give you advice.

I have heard nothing about the lily whites for some time. It is too amusing to see people so foolish.

I do wish that Dr. Chancellor would thoroughly investigate Normal School No. 2 and its methods. It seems to me that something should be done to stop the complaints that are being made daily against that school. Every year some one is charged with favoritism.

I am glad to see so much enthusiasm manifested in behalf of the Young Men's Christian Association. I firmly believe that the association will be successful in raising the necessary funds to meet the gift of Mr. John Rockefeller.

There is not much interest manifested in the Jamestown Exposition. Mrs. Curtis threatens to resign because there seems to be a great deal of discrimination. The government will place at the head of the colored exposition the necessary officers to protect its interest.

I understand that Col. Giles B. Jackson has nothing to do with the Exposition. Thomas J. Calloway has been placed in charge and will no doubt have more to say that any other individual. Mr. E. E. Cooper has been placed in another temporary position. I have never been able to learn why he was suspended or furloughed from the Census Office.

I am in favor of investigating certain preachers in the city and see if they are morally fit to occupy the pulpit. A man who is always singing hymns and having his hands crossed over his heart is more or less a pious hypocrite. You can always tell a hypocrite. He will never do things in the open. He will more or less go behind the screen. Such men are dangerous to the community. Before the enemeis of Dr. W. Bruce Evans are through they will be in the soup. The people are circulating a petition requesting the judges to make changes in the personnel of the colored members of the Board of Education.

I am delighted to know that the teachers are pleased with the lectures of Dr. Chancellor.

FAIRPLAY.

IS IT A CONSPIRACY?

Slowly but surely the web of conspiracy is being woven around the necks of some people who have conspired to ruin the character and reputation of certain teachers in the Armstrong Manual Training School. It is quite evident that there is a certain clique that has no influence with the schools and are personally opposed to the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School. The whole conspiracy will be exposed in a few days. The Board of Education has been thoroughly convinced that the principal is a victim of prejudice. So far as Dr. Evans being lily white, he has less prejudice against dark-skinned teachers than those who have circulated this malicious lie. His best teachers in the Armstrong Manual Training School are very dark but very talented and well qualified. The Bee is in possession of certain facts that will warrant an investigation of certain individuals who are passing as great moralists and reformers. The Bee is of the opinion that these individuals are walking upon very thin ice.

WILL IT BE SEPARATED?

There has been another lunch room established in the City Hall. It is claimed that conditions are worse now than before. There will be separate rooms for colored and white lawyers. Just how many modern colored statesmen will patronize this new management will remain to be seen. The colored members of the bar sent a protest to the marshal a few days ago, but as yet he has not answered. A committee of the colored bar association will file its pr-o test with the Attorney Generad, under whose supervision the marshal's office comes. The colored clerks in the Recorder's office and the several departments of the general government who have heretofore patronized this lunch room will desist now. If such discrimination obtains in the City Mall, the temple of justice, it will obtain in every department of the government.

Vice-President Fairbanks has crossed the hot sands in the Oasis of Indianapolis. After he completed the pulling on the rope he was presented with a diamond pin with the shrine emblem, etc.

John D. Rockfeller has at last secured the farm owned by Wm. Everson, colored, located near the village of Hawthorne in Tarrytown, Winchester Co., N. Y. For years Mr. Rockefeller has been after this property. Our friend Everson secured $5,000 for his hold out.

DESCENDANT OF BETSY ROSS.

Great-Granddaughter of Originator of American Flag Gets $37.50 a Month.

Philadelphia.—Three lineal descendants of Betsy Ross are living here in comparative poverty. One of them is an employe of the municipality.

Sarah Markley Wilson, custodian of the museum at Independence hall, is the great-granddaughter of the originator of the American flag. Her great-grandfather was John Claypoole, the third husband of Betsy Ross.

Miss Wilson, a gentle, well bred old woman, lives with an elder sister, Clarissa Sidney, and an invalid brother, Jacob, whom both help to support,

MISS SARAH MARKLEY WILSON.
(Great-Granddaughter of Famous Betsy Ross.)

in Thomas avenue, Sherwood, West Philadelphia.

The meager wages—$37.50 a month—she receives from the city, and the little her sister can contribute by maintaining a small private school, are the family's only means of support.

Renowned throughout the country as an authority on revolutionary history, consulted personally and by letter by hundreds of persons in search of historical information, Miss Wilson is of great value to the city as an intelligent custodian of its past.

She can accurately answer all the questions of all who visit the museum. Her amiability, her charming old-time courtesy and her fund of information make her invaluable in her position, and yet she receives from the city a smaller pittance than the average scrubwoman.

While she is consulted by Colonial Dames, Daughters of the Revolution and members of other historical societies, and has been elected an honorary member of several of these, Miss Wilson is too retiring and too proud to make her straitened condition known, even to those who might be willing to aid her.

There is, however, a movement on foot among her friends and some others who know her worth to interest councils in increasing her salary to at least $50 a month.

Their little house in Sherwood is rich mainly in associations. Heirlooms inherited from Betsy Ross comprise much of the furniture. High-backed chairs, spindle legged tables, old silver, china and pewter ware that would delight the heart of the antiquarian are in evidence everywhere. An atmosphere of gentility and old world grace pervades the modest abode where these old people are passing their declining days in want.

In her leisure moments Miss Sarah Wilson makes for sale copies of the flag her great-grandmother made.

HEIRESS TO WED MILLIONAIRE.

Niece of John D. Rockefeller Engaged to M. H. Dodge.

New York.—The engagement of Miss Ethel Rockefeller, daughter of William Rockefeller, to Marcellus Hartley Dodge of this city, has been announced. Miss Rockefeller is a niece of John D. Rockefeller. Mr. Dodge is a son of the late Norman W. Dodge and a grandson of the late Wil-

MISS ETHEL G. ROCKEFELLER.
(Niece of Standard Oil Magnate Engaged to Millionaire.)

liam E. Dodge, Sr. He is now 26 years old and came into possession of a great fortune in 1902. He graduated from Columbia university in 1903 and at that time gave to the university $300,000. The wedding, it is understood, will take place during the latter part of April.

Thibet Waking Up.

Traders now pass freely between Calcutta and Thibet. The masses of Thibet are eager to trade with "the white people," says Consul General Michael of Calcutta. The important products of Thibet are borax, niter, rock salt, iron, silver, copper, gold, turquois, lapis lazuli, musk, etc.

THE NEGRO DEVELOPMENT AND EXPOSITION COMPANY

Of the United States of America,
528 EAST BROAD STREET,
Richmond, Virginia.

W. Isaac Johnson, President,
Rev. A. Binga, Jr., Vice-President.
Robert Kelser, Secretary.
R. T. Hill, Treasurer.
Rev. Thos. Shorts, Sub-Treasurer.
Giles B. Jackson, Director-General.
John R. Hawkins, Auditor and Chief of Finance.
Washington, D. C., Branch, 12th and U Sts. N.W., Washington, D.C.
Norfolk Branch, 663 Church Street, Norfolk, Virginia.

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Pursuant to an Act of the Congress of the United States of America, there will be held a Naval and Land Exposition in commemoration of the Three Hundredth Anniversary of the landing of the first English-speaking people in this country, ,at Jamestown, Virginia commencing on the 26th day of April, 1907, and ending on the 1st day of November, 1907.

That in order for the colored people of this country to show their achievements since their emancipation, it was deemed wise, by the leaders of the race, to hold a separate and distinct exhibit in order to put upon exhibition the marvelous progress they have made mechanically, agriculturally, educationally, and financially; that the world may see and judge for itself the capacity of the Negro as a race; his ability as a producer.

The Negro Development and Exposition Company of the United States of America, a company duly chartered under the laws of Virginia, with an authorized capital stock of $800,000, proposes to show at the Exposition what the race has made, produced, woven, carved, engraved, invented, written and published; in fact, everything the race has done or accomplished, from an industrial point of view, that the world may form a correct and more favorable opinion of the Negro race of this country; to the end that a proper solution of the problem may be had from a business, commercial, financial, and industrial point of view.

It has, therefore, been decided to ask every member of our race to list for exhibition any and every article made by any member of the race. It is the desire of the Company to have a complete exhibit of every character, except live stock.

Our women are noted for embroidery and handsome trimmings, knitting, weaving, and hundreds of other domestic productions; while our men are noted for their skill in drawing, carving, inventing, welding, and putting together articles of value too numerous to name; all such articles and hundreds of others are solicited for exhibition. Implements of every character are much desired.

There will be given a first, a second, and a third prize on the various articles produced and exhibited by members of the race.

The Congress of the United States has appropriated $100,00 to aid the said Negro Development and Exposition Company in making a creditable exhibit at the said Jamestown Exposition.

Now, in order to list the articles for exhibition, it is requested by the Company for all persons who have articles for exhibition, to write the names of said articles on the coupon below, giving the full name of the owner, his or her resiednce, together with P. O. address. In every instance, please write plainly, that the articles may be listed so as to be sent for in time to be placed on exhibition.

It is incumbent upon every member of the race to see to it that this Exposition is made a success; as the world has its eyes upon us and expects great results.

GILES B. JACKSON, Director-General.
528 East Broad St., Richmond, Va.

Please show this to two or more of your friends and ask them to write for a copy.

Tear off and fill out the blank below and mail to Giles B. Jackson, 528 East Broad Street, Richmond, Va.

Name of exhibit .....
Name of owner .....
P. O. Address .....
Remarks .....
.....
.....
.....
Value of Article .....

OIL REFINING MAKES GAINS.

Petroleum Plants Show Growth in Number and Capital.

Washington.—In 1905 there were 104 petroleum refineries in this country. Their total capital was $136,280,541; they employed 16,770 wage earners; paid in wages $9,989,367; used materials costing $139,387,213, and manufactured products to the value of $175,005,320. As compared with the totals for the industry at the census of 1900, these figures represent increases as follows: In number of refineries, 38.7 per cent; in capital, 43 per cent; in number of wage earners, 37.5 per cent; in amount of wages paid, 48.7 per cent; in cost of materials, 35.5 per cent, and in value of products, 41.2 per cent.

The number of products which may be derived commercially from petroleum is so great as to make it impracticable to obtain returns for each of them separately. The principal products, together with the value of each, were as follows: Burning oils, including the different grades of both illuminating and fuel oils, $100,571,825; residuum, $3,138,361; paraffin oils, $6,210,279; paraffin wax, $10,007,274; reduced oils, $16,794,789; naphtha and gasoline, $21,314,837; neutral oils, $1,942,153, and "all other products," which includes coke, carbon points and black naphtha, $15,025,892.

In 1904 the volume of refined products exported was 18,218,795 barrels, or 36.6 per cent of the total production for that year, and the total value at the ports of shipment was $74,273,525. Although the quantity was greater in 1901 and in 1902, this value is the largest ever reported for exports of refined petroleum. It exceeds the value reported for 1899 by 25.8 per cent, that reported for 1889 by 57.5 per cent and that reported for 1880 by 134.1 per cent. Of the total value of exports illuminating oils formed more than 70 per cent.

THREE BROTHERS, EACH MAYOR.

All Are Democrats and All Were Elected on the Same Day.

Muskogee, I. T.—The Watts family, of which W. J. Watts was the head in Indian territory, has a record that is without a parallel.

There are three Watts brothers, each of whom is mayor of the town in which he resides, all of them Democrats, and all were elected to the office of mayor on the same day.

W. J. Watts came to Indian territory in 1871, and established a home. He lived in the Cherokee Nation until 1901, when he died, leaving three sons. They are Jesse G. Watts, mayor of Saltisaw; Thomas J. Watts, mayor of Mulgrow, and Charles G. Watts, mayor of Wagoner. All three are lawyers.

W. J. Watts was prominent in the Indian politics of the Cherokee Nation, and made one of the greatest fights in the history of the nation for the establishment of certain rights of citizens of that jurisdiction. The elder of the sons, Jesse G. Watts, is a probable candidate for the Democratic congressional nomination from the Third district.

Makes Metal Teeth to Chew Jail Fare.

Columbus, O.—"Iron Teeth John" is the name J. W. Rheam, an inmate of the penitentiary serving three years from Perry county for horse stealing, has earned from his fellow prisoners.

Rheam is an old man, and at one time worked at the jewelery trade at Somerset. He has but two good teeth in his head, and found the prison fare rather hard to masticate.

With an old file and a piece of soft iron Rheam supplied the deficiency, making a plate to fit over his two remaining molars. John can chew anything now, for he has a set of "store teeth" that he will match with those turned out by any expert dentist.

Annual Christmas Announcement

VOIGTE.

MANUFACTURING JEWELER

725 7th Street, Northwest

BETWEEN G & H.

Our stock of Jewelry and Bric-a-Brac is now complete. Each piece has been carefully selected and we feel satisfied that a visit from you will bear us out that we have as fine a selection as can be found anywhere. Why not give us a call tomorrow.

Everybody has some friend whom they wish to make happy. It may be mother or father, sister or brother. It may be a wife, or it may be a sweetheart—and no better time than Christmas is so appropriate—so suggestive. Nothing makes one feel happier than to gladden the heart of another.

Any article that you may select will be laid aside and delivered when wanted. Experienced clerks. Polite attention.

Engraving Free of Charge.

WATCHES.

We mention here but a few of our specials.

Gentlemen's 20-year-Gold Filled American Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Ladies 20-year Gold Filled Stem Winders and Setters, $10.

Gentlemen's 14-carat Solid Gold American Stem Winders and Setters, as cheap as $35.

Children's Solid Silver Watches with Pin Attachment, $3.50; regular price, $4.50.

Ladies Solid Gold Watches, Open Face, $8.00.

Boys' Solid Silver Watches, $5 up.

F-737

D-779

DIAMONDS

Put Your Money in Diamonds. No Better Investment To-Day.

Prices in the Diamond market are advancing, but *our prices have not been advanced* in some time. We still have a large collection of superb Diamonds which we bought a considerable time ago at lower prices than prevail today.

We shall not advance prices on these stones. We are merchants and not speculators and our fair percentage of profit is all we ask. So, as long as these Diamonds last, it will be possible to buy them here under the regular market for fine stones.

Ladies' Diamond Rings, $5.00 to $150.00.

Ladies' Diamond Broaches, $5.50 to $1,000.

Diamond Earrings, $15.00 to $500.00.

Diamond Scarf Pins, $7.00 up.

Diamond Cuff Buttons, $7.00 up.

Diamond Studs, $10.00 up.

We have Ladies' Handsome Diamond Rings set in Tiffany Mounting which we are selling at $30.00. This will make an appropriate present for Christmas. Every stone a ball of fire.

CLOCKS AND BRONZES

Clocks of all makes—American, French and German. We have a Clock as cheap as $5.00—must be seen to be appreciated. All Clocks kept in order for two years.

RINGS, LOCKETS, ETC.

Gents' Solid Gold Signet Rings, $3.50 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Signet Rings, $2.00 up.

Child's Solid Gold Signet Rings, $1.00 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Medallion Lockets, $4.00 up.

Ladies Solid Gold Crosses, $4.00 up.

Gents' Solid Gold Lockets, $4.00 up.

Ladies' Solid Gold Bracelets, $5.00 up.

Ladies' 14-Carat Gold Filled Lockets, $2.00 up.

We engrave the monograms on them in the highest style of the art.

SILVERWARE

Silver Tea Sets, $10.00 up.

Silver Cake Baskets, $4.00 up.

Silver Cups for Children, $1.25 up.

Silver Baking Dish, 7.00.

Silver Butter Dishes, $3.50 up.

Silver Pickle Castors, $3.00 up.

The above silver is the Genuine Rogers, which speaks for itself.

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We have the largest line of Catholic Goods in the city.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, 35 cents up.

Genuine Pearl Rosaries, strung on Fine Silver, with Solid Silver Crucifix, 75 cents up.

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Solid Gold Rosaries, Genuine Stones, $25.00.

Rosaries for special devotions viz.: Immaculate Conception, St. Ann's, St. Philomena, St. Anthony, Seven Dolors, Infant of Prague, St. Joseph, etc., with prayers either English or German.

PRAYER BOOKS

High quality at low prices, such as Key of Heaven, Manual of Prayers, St. Vincent's Manual, Vade Mecum, Sacred Heart, Following of Christ (by Kempis), Bibles, Old and New Testaments, etc. We have them in cases suitable for bridal or Christmas presents.

RELIGIOUS MEDALS

Religious Medals in Gold and Silver; Immaculate Conception, St. Benedict, St. Anthony, St. Joseph, Infant of Prague, St. Vincent de Paul, St. Aloysius, etc.

Eight-Day Sanctuary Oil, $1.00 per gallon.

Crucifixes, hanging and standing.

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Sacred Hearts, Solid Gold, 75 cents and $1.25.

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HOLMES' HOTEL,
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Best Afro-American Accommodation in the District.

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SOLE DISTRIBUTER OF OLD FURI SIM WHISKEY

James F. Oyster,

The Leading Place in the City for
BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Oyster's Butter is the sweetest in the market. His Cheese is the purest and Eggs the freshest.

Square Stands, Center Market, 5th and K streets, N. W., and Riggs Market.

OFFICE

Wholesale Dealer and Salesman, 900 and 902 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.

No one shall keep any kind of fowls Members of the Metropolitan police in any square of the District of Colum-must reside in the D. C., according to the bia that has been 75 per cent improvedopinion of Corporation Council Thomas without consent of the Health Officer, of the District.
neglect to obtain the same $10 fine. The farmer in the long run is the

The Cathedral of the P. E. Churchmain man in this country. The amounts of the D. C. will be located at St. Al-produced by him during the last year ban's, on the Tennallytown road. It was $6,794,000,000, while the R. R. will be 500 feet long and of Gothicreceived $2,320,000,000, and the iron and style. $1,200,000,000.

ILGRIM MONUMENT

LL SOON BE ERECTED AT PRINCETOWN, MASS.

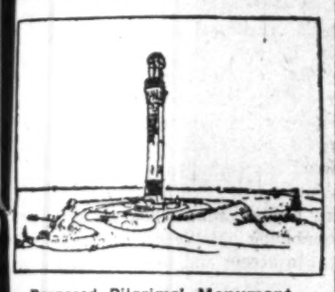
ructure to Be 250 Feet in Height, Making It Second Only in Size to Famous Washington Shaft at Capital.

Boston.—The plans for the "Provetown Monument," as the memorl is to be called, only wait formal pproval by the federal government fore the work of construction beins. It is planned to set the corner one on August 1, "Delfhaven Day." Higher than Bunker Hill, which arks where colonial patriots died, d which rears its peak 221 feet ove its earthly base; higher than e pinnacle of the Old South Meeting ouse, beneath whose 235-foot tower atriots worshiped, this Provincewn monument will go skyward to a ight of 250 feet, making it the loftst shaft in this country excepting e Washington monument at the naon's capital, and adding it to the reatest towers in the world.

The commission in charge of the ection of the Pilgrim monument at e nation's capital, and adding it to e greatest towers in the world.

The commission in charge of the ection of the Pilgrim monument at ovincetown consists of the Hon. illiam H. Taft, secretary of war; ov. Curtis Guild, Jr., of Massachusts, and J. Henry Sears of Brewster, esident of the Cape Cod Pilgrim emorial association.

The total amount of the fund raised o date is about $93,000, of which 40,000 was contributed by the United tates government and $25,000 by the ommonwealth of Massachusetts, and he balance raised by popular sub-



Proposed Pilgrims' Monument.

scription by the Cape Cod Pilgrim Memorial association.

The structure will consist largely of New England granite, reenforced by concrete and steel wires sunk in the foundation of concrete.

The monument will be 27 feet square, 250 feet high. The foundation will consist of a large base of cement, from which in accordance with the most modern principles of construction, steel cables will run to the top of the structure, the purpose of these being to strengthen and prevent the swaying of the structure as a result of wind impact.

The general design of the structure follows somewhat the line of the famous campanile connected with the Siena cathedral, Italy.

There will be no steps in the monument, but a winding incline will furnish easy access to the top of the structure. There will be openings at convenient places on all sides.

At the top of the structure there will be a commodious gallery which will afford a splendid outlook in all directions. The monument will be lighted by electricity.

It is proposed that the 56 towns of the Plymouth colony shall each contribute a stone which will be placed on the interior of the monument. Many special stones will also be contributed by various societies of Mayflower descendants in the different states throughout the country. All these various stones will be duly inscribed.

The location of the monument on the top of High hill in the center of Provincetown affords unusually fine opportunities for the future treatment at the base of the monument, there being ample space for such decorative additions as may in future be deemed advisable.

Evidence of Cockneyism.

William Makepeace Thackeray, in his lines, "Peg, of Limavady," acknowledges himself a Cockney. It was hardly necessary for him to do this, as not only in that poem, but in others, he makes the syllable "ing" rhyme with syllables like "in" and "en," failing to sound the concluding "g." Richard Harris Barham, of Ingoldsby Legends, a most facile rhymer, has done the same thing over and over again, thus lightening his labors greatly in the pursuit of rhymes.

Spanish King's Full Name.

King Alfonso's full name is Alfonso Leon Fernando Maria Santiago Isidore Paschal Marcian. His mother decided on Alfonso, Santiago is the patron saint of Spain, Leon is adapted from the name of his godfather, Pope Leo; the plowman Isidore is the patron saint of Madrid, Paschal is the patron saint of the king's birthday and Marcian is that of his christening day.

Task for Court Crier.

The crier of the San Francisco United States court had to go out into the corridor the other day and call on Loudovic Baldasiovanni to come into court. He tried three times and then wished to resign. But he was encouraged to persevere and succeeded, to the great joy of an interested bench and bar.

NEW GUNS FOR COAST DEFENSE.

Latest Models Will Be Cheaper and Better.

Washington.—Gen. Crozier, chief of ordnance, has completed the plans for the new type of 14-inch caliber guns which are to be added to the existing coast defense system and the ordnance bureau is preparing to begin work upon the new weapons at the Watervliet arsenal at an early hour. But one point remains to be decided and that is whether the guns shall be of the ordinary built-up forged steel type or shall be of the more modern wire-wound construction. The 14-inch gun will be something of a paradox in ordnance design, for although full two inches larger in caliber than the standard coast defense gun of the first grade, the new gun will be smaller in every other measurement and even lighter. The purpose is to make a weapon that will have a range and striking force at least equal to the present standard 12-inch gun but that shall vastly exceed the very limited life of that gun. It is not intended to throw away the expensive 12-inch guns now in place along the coast from Maine to Washington state, but rather to supply the new type whenever there are additions to the existing defenses. A strong point in its favor is said to be the fact that its first cost will be less than that of the 12-inch gun, while the addition to its life will result in economy.

GEN. WM. CROZIER.
(Chief of Ordnance Who Has Designed New Coast Defense Guns.)

MEMORIAL TO BISMARCK.

Erected in the Berliner Dom by Order of the Kaiser.

Berlin.—The memorial to the great chancellor of Germany, prince Otto von Bismarck, which has been designed and erected at the order of the kaiser, by Reinhold Begas, is unique because of the place it occupies. It has been erected in the memorial chapel of the great cathedral of this city known as the Berliner Dom, where until now only Hohenzollern memorials could find a place. The figure of Bismarck is lifelike as to pose and expression. It was at the request of the emperor that the iron chancellor is represented in the armor of a German knight of old. In happy contrast with the stern lines of the gracefully draped dominant figure, seated alone and looking firmly ahead, are the smaller ones on either side, representing History and Fame. History is intended to show the great achievements of the statesman, and Fame raises the veil bringing into view a relief picture on the sarcophagus showing the union of the realm and a procession of princes bringing to the enthroned Germania an imperial crown. The pedestal bears only the one word "Bismarck."

Statue to Bismarck.

Child Has Extra Digits.

Trenton, N. J.—Twelve toes and 13 fingers are allotted to a young son of Mr. and Mrs. Leon A. Shockley of this city. The prodigy is the first one in the Shockley household. There are seven fingers on one hand and six on the other, and six toes on each foot. All are perfectly formed, and it is believed will not work to the disadvantage of the little one. It was the wish of the Shockleys to have the extra digits removed, but they were prevailed upon by the attending physician to let them remain.

A Plea for the Indolent.

Men who fill unaccustomed positions exacting severe mental toil, are almost sure to be short-lived. Persons whose callings subject them to a heavy nervous strain ought occasionally to spend a day or two in bed. Even an afternoon nap is a tonic, and may do much to lessen the wear and tear of nervous, anxious days. One of the ablest statesmen of modern times, when once reproached in early life for indolence, retorted, "I am storing energy."—Success Magazine.

Gathering Crude Turpentine.

From stereograph, copyright, by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.
Scene in one of the great pine forests in North Carolina.

RAISING CANARY BIRDS

GERMANY CONTROLS WORLD'S MARKET OF SINGERS.

Exceptionally Good Ones Command Fancy Prices—How the Young Are Trained—Are Very Sensible to Drafts.

Washington.—Writing from Madgeburg, Consul Frank S. Hannah says concerning the business of raising canary birds in the Harz mountains:

"The breeding and selling of canary birds in Germany, which has reached such proportions that it now controls the markets of the world, is conservatively estimated of a value of $238,000. In St. Andreasburg alone 50,000 canaries are yearly raised for export. For an exceptionally good singer and breeder at least 300 marks ($71.40) must be paid and 100 marks ($23.80) is often paid for a good so-called 'Vorsaenger,' a bird used to teach the younger canaries to sing by example. The normal price for good singers varies from $2.86 to $8.57. Absolute quiet and undisturbed intimate relations exist between the breeder and his birds. Similar conditions are attained by the Madgeburg breeders. Many of the so-called 'Harz canaries' which are exported to the United States are bred in the city of Madgeburg, where some of the best singers are produced.

"The training of the young birds to sing correctly is one of the most important and laborious features of the breeder's activity. The young birds, learning by imitation for the most part, acquire bad singing as well as good, and while it is the plan of the breeders that the birds should only hear the good singing of the 'Vorsaenger,' yet some of them naturally chirp and whistle in an unpleasant manner, and care must be taken that these birds be removed before the other birds have acquired the same bad habits and are rendered unsalable. The art of the breeder lies in his being able to discover the slumbering talent in the bird at an early age, developing the same to its highest point of perfection in its particular line. These birds are divided into classes and kept in separate rooms, those having harsh and sharp voices being often placed in covered cages, where instead of singing they are forced to listen to other good singers, through which their faults are often overcome. The better singers, after passing a certain stage where their habits are established and they do not require the close daily watching of the breeder, are taken into a room reserved for the best singers. The elementary training for the singer is generally finished by the end of November and the singing is at its best at the beginning of January and again after the mating time. Canaries are very sensitive to drafts and some singers, the results of years of careful breeding and training, have been ruined by a few moments' exposure by an open window.

"The exports of canaries from this district for the calendar year 1905 was $37,685 and for the calendar year 1906 $40,048."

Would Manage Whole Town.

Armour, S. D.—One man may run this town—not a political boss, but a business manager. J. C. Cantonwine is, with other taxpayers, disgusted with the city debt and high assessments. He will put up a bond guaranteeing that if given the management of the city's affairs he will demonstrate that a town and city can be run profitably when conducted along business lines.

Some of the aldermen look askance at the proposition, but the taxpayers generally would like to try it. Armour has 2,000 inhabitants and is a thriving town, but it has a bonded debt of $40,000, and city warrants have to be sold at a discount.

WATER CURE FOR INSANE.

Innovation Will Be Introduced at Philadelphia Almshouse.

Philadelphia.—Treatment of the insane by water with the idea of washing away insanity germs will be an innovation in the new quarters for the insane at the Philadelphia almshouse, which will be opened soon. Dr. Coply, director of the department of health, is confident of the success of the movement.

The plant is designed primarily for the treatment of cases of acute mania by a system of bathing by which the body of the patient is kept completely submerged in running water for as long a time as is deemed necessary to effect a cure. The plant, in its present form, is composed of a number of rooms, of which two are specially set aside for this kind of treatment.

In each bathroom a hammock is arranged on which the patient's body rests. Above are hot and cold water faucets with a thermometer attached for gauging the temperature. There is a special appliance for emptying the tub instantly. The water generally is kept at a temperature of 100 degrees and is kept continually flowing.

The patient remains in the hammock for a period varying from four to eight hours at a time. At the end of each period he is taken from the bath and placed on a cot, rubbed down, and allowed to rest for half an hour.

He then is returned to the swinging hammock and immersed in water. The only purpose for which he is taken from the water is an occasional rest. His meals are given to him in the bath.

The head, which rests on a circular rubber cushion, is the only portion of the body not submerged.

DETECTS COLORS BY TOUCH.

Blind Weaver Becomes Wage Earner and Develops Another Sense.

Woxall, Pa.—Henry J. Smith, who was blinded 22 years ago in a premature explosion in a large quarry, has become an expert carpet weaver.

His annual average is nearly 1,700 yards, and since he lost his eyes he has woven 31,000 yards for neighboring farmers.

It is a wonderful spectacle to see him separate the different colors of carpet chain. This he does with his fingers, for he has the art of feeling the colors. After he has them separated they are put in different boxes, and here he can instantly tell by the size of the box without feeling so deliberately what color he is dealing with.

He is getting so accustomed to his work that he is able to weave finer articles, such as towels and table cloths, and his ingenuity has been shown in a beautiful specimen of table cloth, which he wove from flax spun by a Worcester township woman.

PENSION TO POOR PARENTS.

Ohio Official Proposes New Method of Preventing Child Labor.

Columbus, O.—State Shop Inspector Morgan in his annual report submitted to the governor makes the novel proposition that the state of Ohio set aside a fund to be devoted to paying parents in poor circumstances who are now compelled to let their young children work in factories, to enable them to take the children from the factories and put them in school.

Gov. Harris is inclined to look on the proposal with favor and may recommend a law to the legislature covering the matter.

Mr. Morgan says that Ohio leads all the states in child labor legislation, but he is openly opposed to giving employers discretion to employ children where parents need their wages. Instead he suggests a school pension law by which the parents may be paid an equivalent sum out of the public treasury and the child sent to school.

THE JAMESTOWN FAIR

SOMETHING OF BIG EXPOSITION SOON TO OPEN.

Great Naval Feature Will Be One of the Attractions—Many Points of Historic Interest in the Vicinity.

New York.—That the Jamestown exposition, which will be formally opened by President Roosevelt on April 26, will astonish the country by its scope and magnitude is the opinion of A. L. Sutton, chief of exploitation.

"The grounds, buildings and exhibits will be in complete readiness by the opening date," said Mr. Sutton, "and in this it will differ from all expositions that have preceded it. The visitor who comes on the opening day will know that he will see as much as he could at any time later. I have been connected with several world's fairs, but I consider this one remarkable in many ways.

"Its site on the shores of Hampton Roads makes possible the great naval feature, wherein it is unlike all former expositions, while the historic interest attaching to all of the surrounding country will continue it is one of the favorite trips for tourists.

"The grounds on Sewell's point have long had the finished apparance of a completed park, and to this end the natural beauties of the land lent themselves admirably to the art of the landscape designer. The garish appearance common to buildings covered with staff is overcome by the use of brick as a veneer, and this comports with the style of architecture, that of the Georgian Renaissance, usually called the Colonial style, some of the finest examples of which are found in the old mansions along the James river.

President Myers of the Jamestown Exposition.

"The great attention drawn to the naval and military features of the exposition, because of their novelty, has somewhat obscured in the public mind the fact that this exposition is really an industrial one of more than usual interest, inasmuch as the exhibits are of a selected order illustrating man's progress in all of the crafts during a period of 300 years.

"The largest manufacturers have taken such an interest in the enterprise as to fill all of the space in the large exhibit palaces and cause an overflow into auxiliary buildings. Some of the exhibitors have erected costly structures for their own exclusive use, among these being the American and Baldwin Locomotive works.

"The States' Exhibits building will enable the various states to have, in addition, special exhibits showing their respective resources. The separate state buildings, designed for social purposes, are particularly beautiful in design and of permanent construction, as are indeed a large proportion of the exposition structures. The exposition site promises to become a very important and attractive suburb of growing Norfolk, from which it is reached by a pleasant trolley ride.

"Congress and conventions of varied character will fill every day of the exposition. The exposition will also be the center of interest for amateur sports, from foot-racing to yachting. Automobiling will play an important role, and in this connection 'good roads will receive special attention and their making will be shown.

"It is curious that despite the fact that newspapers have explained from the first that the exposition is on Sewell's point, many people think it is to be at Jamestown island, the site of the original settlement, the establishment of which, 300 years ago the exposition is to commemorate. Only the ruins remain with several monuments to mark sites, but the patriotic societies have been restoring the old church, and the trip to the island, which is some 60 miles up the James river, will certainly be taken by a large part of the exposition visitors.

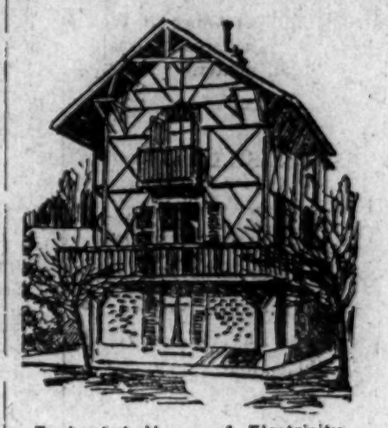
"Old Point, with Fort Monroe, and Hampton, the oldest town of English origin in the country, and Newport News, with its great shipyards, are across Hampton Roads. On the Roads the battle of the Merrimac and Monitor will be reproduced by naval vessels. Yorktown, where Cornwallis surrendered, is but a pleasant boat trip distance, and many will take advantage of the opportunity to see the great Dismal Swamp, only 23 miles from Norfolk. The battlefields of Virginia and Richmond, the capital of the confederacy, will attract many more.

SILENCE AND MYSTERY THERE.

Remarkable French Villa, Where Electricity Has Replaced Servants.

London.—The house of mystery and silence, or, to give it its official title, La Villa Feria Electra, is situated at Troyes and is owned by Mr. Georgia Knap. All the work usually done by servants, and much that is usually left undone, is performed by electric contrivance. The visitor to the villa finds that, when he rings, the door opens by itself, while a voice proceeding from a hidden gramophone tells him to allow the door to close.

Once inside the visitor is confronted by a mat that rubs and dries his boots.



Enchanted House of Electricity.

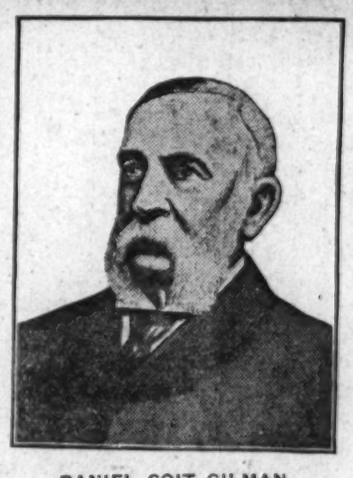
Press a button near the bed in your bedroom and a hot water bottle is heated—an arrangement that would suit Toddles. In the morning, curtains fly apart and shutters open in response to the pushing of a button; breakfast, papers and letters arrive at the table in the same mysterious way. An electric lift brings electrically cooked food through the center of the dining table. In the laundry electric washing machines do the washing. Everything in the house, indeed, is run by electricity, and there are even electric alarms for use against those who would break in and steal.

TRUSTEE OF SAGE FUND.

Daniel Coit Gilman One of America's Leading Educators.

Daniel Coit Gilman, who, as trustee of the $10,000,000 "Sage Foundation," will wield a powerful influence in the work of curing social evils in the poverty stricken districts in our large cities, succeeded Carl Schurz as head of the National Civil Service Reform league. He is one of the foremost educators in America.

He was the president of the great University of California. He had previously spent two years as attache of the American legation in St. Petersburg and several years as professor at Yale. When the Johns Hopkins university was founded in Baltimore Prof. Gilman was called to preside over its destinies. He soon brought the institution into the front rank of American seats of learning. Prof. Gilman was the first president of the Carnegie institute and has served on many important educational and charitable boards.



DANIEL COIT GILMAN.
(Famous Educator Will Help to Distribute Big Sage Gift.)

Elephants' Dramatic Revenge.

The following tragic story of the death of Pargana Barahabhum, khera of Dalma, is related in the Bombay paper, Maubhum.

"Pargana Barahabhum went to his paddy field, and found a herd of elephants destroying his crop. His rage rose, he shot arrows from behind a tree, and he killed a young elephant. Then the greatness of his crime fell on the mind of Paragana Barahabhum, and he fled to his cottage for refuge. But the elephant's father and mother were stricken with rage, and they and their fellows charged the cottage and razed it to the ground. Pargana Barahabhum was wily, and he climbed a tree to the topmost bough. The elephants surrounded it and roared, but they could not reach Pargana Barahabhum. But their sagacity was great, and with their own trunks they brought water from the bund, and they watered the ground at the foot of the tree. When they had watered well and the earth was soft, they uprooted the tree. Then they avenged the death of their young by trampling the life out of Pargana Barahabhum."

Too Much Prosperity.

Senator Hale in a St. Patrick's day address at Ellsworth said of the national prosperity: "Two tramps were conversing over a pail of hot ale. 'These is terrible times,' said the first, as he sat down the smoking pail and wiped his mustache.

"'They certainly is,' the other answered. 'A feller can't ask fer work nowadays 'thout bein' offered it.'"

THE BEE

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FOR
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
SENATOR JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER OF OHIO
FOR
VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
TIMOTHY L. WOODRUFF, OF NEW YORK

OUR SCHOOLS.

It might as well be understood now that the Board of Education does not intend to allow teachers or officers connected with the public schools to commit offenses in violation of the rules of the schools and by some subterfuge say that they have not been given a fair or impartial trial, or that the Board of Education is prejudiced on account of color. The principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School has been a victim of a seeming conspiracy to do him a personal wrong. There are some people in this city who are inimical to the Armstrong Manual Training School. They are of the opinion that there is an attempt to force industrial education in the schools. The colored people are in need of industrial education. The Bee is more convinced now than it has been heretofore that the Armstrong Manual Training School should be supported, and those colored people who want to educate their heads and allow their hands to grow up in ignorance should be made to see the importance of manual training. The colored schools are in a deplorable condition and Dr. Chancellor and the Board of Education will do the public a service if they will inaugurate some radical reforms. The principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School has no color prejudice. He is one man who has recognized merit ever since he has been at the head of that institution. He has the respect and confidence of the people and it is hoped that the Board of Education will do all in its power to ferret out this conspiracy against him. There are people without the confines of the schools who are opposed to the principal. The great trouble with those who are given a little authority, they will attempt to demonstrate their authority. They want the subordinate teacher to know that they are the bosses, but the moment they come in the presence of their superiors they are patronizing. The abolition of supervising principalship in the public schools will do more to advance the public school system than anything else.

CRAIG VS. EVENS.

The Bee doesn't quite understand the great interest that the two colored members of the Board of Education have in the Craig vs. Evens case. Why is it that they voted so quickly to dismiss Cardozo, against whom it was alleged he was the author of an alleged anonymous letter, but didn't attack the moral character of anyone, but voted to sustain a man who openly makes charges of immorality and when he is called upon for proof he fails to furnish it? Where is the consistency? Has not the Board of Education been fair? Has not Admiral Baird done what no other man would do? Have not the white members of the Board of Education done more in this case than the two colored members? The Bee regrets that Mrs. Terrell should follow Mr. John F. Cook in his inconsistencies. Mrs. Terrell has an individuality and has never been known to follow in the wake of other people. It was kind on the part of the white members of the Board of Education to consent to allow Craig to settle his differences by an apology. Those who have advised Craig to rebel have not the best interest of the schools at heart Elsewhere in The Bee is published the letter of apology which John F. Cook said was brutal and no decent man would sign. Just what he means by that The Bee is unable at this time to state. The Bee has been sustaining the Board of Education because it believes that the white members of the Board are more interested in the welfare of the colored schools than Mr. Cook. No person who has the welfare and interest of the slhools at heart would dare to make the statement that Mr. Cook has made. Craig stated that he could not prove his charges, and he directed counsel to ask permission to retract and apologize, which request was granted by Admiral Baird. In view of this statement of facts, will the readers of The Bee and the public agree with Mr. Cook that the apology prepared by counsel, at the request of Craig, is brutal and humiliating? Could not Craig be charged with a more serious offense under the Code? Which reads as follows:

The Bee understands such are the charges in the possession of the committee on the teachers. If this be true, was not Craig getting off easy?

Dr. Bruce Evens showed no feeling against Craig when he was asked to be lenient on account of Craig's family. He had no disposition to see him removed from the schools. The Bee has no feeling in the matter except for the best interest of the schools. It is quite evident the Board of Education has a duty to perform regardless of the opinion of anyone.

Something ought to be done, and that at once.

THE OHIO APPOINTMENT.

The President has a perfect right to appoint any man to office he pleases, but The Bee thinks that the appointment of Mr. Ralph W. Taylor, the Columbus, Ohio, politician, to the auditorship for the Navy Department is small politics in view of the personal fight that he is making on Senator Foraker. The President, it is claimed, wants to convince the colored people that he is not opposed to them. The colored people are thoroughly convinced and all the appointments the President will make will not change their opinion of him. In the first place, Mr. Taylor doesn't represent the colored Republicans of Ohio. He has no following whatever in his State. This appointment will do more harm than good and certainly the colored voters in Ohio will not indorse it. It is not natural that the colored vote of Ohio will desert Senator Foraker and neither will this appointment influence one vote in theState. Men who stand for something in Ohio are such men as Editor Chevis, Geo. H. Myers, John P. Green, Jesse A. Brown, Harry Simth and many others. These men have a following. The Bee is confident, however, that such men named above would decline an appointment from the Administration. They would prefer to go down in defeat to sacrificing their honor and manhood. While there is but little manhood in some apologists in the Administration, The Bee knows that these men belong to the independent school in Ohio politics. The Bee has no fear of the outcome in the contest between Senator Foraker and Mr. Taft. If there ever was any manhood in the colored Americans in this country this is the time to show it.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

It cannot be possible that United States Marshal Palmer has permitted another person to have use of the Courthouse Lunchrooms and set apart a separate room for colored lawyers and their coored friends. The colored members of the bar should file a protest with the Attorney General and put it up squarely to him. If the department of Justice can afford to discriminate we must conclude that that branch of our government is misnamed. It should not be called Department of Justice, but called by another name. What does it mean? is the question at issue. This is a government building. The people pay taxes to sustain it. What right has anyone to let the building to a person and that person discriminate against the citizens of the community in which a government building is located on account of their color? Is such an act right and proper? Can this be called a fair government?

CHARGE COLOR LINE IN SOLDIERS' HOME.

Disgruntled Men Raise Trouble Over Seating.

From the Boston American.

Marshalltown, Ia., March 20.—Special—An effort was attempted on the part of three disgruntled members of the soldiers' home today to make it appear as though the color line was being drawn in the old men's building. There are eight colored members of the building, in charge of Capt. Nicholas Swenson. This morning at breakfast, Swenson assigned two members at other tables to a table where he had already seated most of the other colored men. Jacob Howard, Leroy Stevens and Enos Luckado, all colored, entered a complaint at headquarters, and refused to eat, saying that Swenson was drawing the color line.

Swenson assured them that it was not the case, but some colored members had suggested it would be more congenial to have all negroes at one table. This view was taken up by a majority of the negroes, and has been requested by them in other homes.

There is no difference in the service or meals and two white men remained at the table with the eight colored.

Captain Swenson says if he wanted to draw the color line he would change the men's quarters, which has not been done nor is it contemplated. Adjutant Walker, with whom the complaint was entered, advised the men to create no disturbance till Colonel Horton, who is in Des Moines, returned. Howard, Stevens and Luckado did not eat meals all day. Stevens was discharged a few years ago for making false statements about Chaplain Cole.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

From the Christian Index.

The labor question has become a serious one, and one that should engross the attention of our ablest minds. Skilled labor is in great demand and still greater demand is increasing. The Negro has a monopoly of labor in the South. His services could hardly be dispensed with by any legal process. The unsatisfactory labor of the Negro in many States has given coloring to the labor problem. The Negro will be compelled for many years to come to do the drudgery work of his country. He should study the interest of his employer, and devote his time to advancing his business. The Negro should strive to give satisfaction. His negligence in business and his readiness to leave his work on pleasure hunting is detrimental to him. He should learn to stick to his business, be prompt and hold his job. The foreign labor will supplant him and leave him with nothing to do if he does not learn to give greater attention to bread-winning.

A GOOD TICKET.

From the Rock Hill Messenger.

In making up its ticket the Washington Bee puts before American people for President Hon. Joseph Benson Foraker of Ohio and for Vice-President Hon. Timothy L. Woodruff of New York. Like The Bee we would very much like to see Mr. Foraker in the Presidential chair, but we are just as certain as the election is yet to be that he cannot make it. We have said, and sufficient reason has not yet been brought to bear for us to change, that if the next President of these United States be a Republican, that President will be the present incumbent, Theodore Roosevelt.

Our friend, Dr. L. H. Harris, is engaged, together with his wife, Mrs. Dr. Harris, in a great work in the Southwest among our people. The doctor is getting fat on it, smokes fine cigars, etc. He has a fine drug store—everything up to date.

For light upon dark subjects read The Bee, the paper that is not afraid to talk.

L. KOHLER CHAMBERS, Advertising Manager.

Read The Bee.

PARAGRAPHIC NEWS.

Continued from 1st page.

Bee, "De Lily White," by Mr. Jas. Conway Jackson, the South African Spectator, Cape Town, Africa, editor says, "Brother Chase! De Animal browses hereabouts!"

The Tulsa Guide says that so far 1907 has proved the most remarkable year from an agricultural standpoint in the history of the Indian Territory.

Dr. J. A. McMillan of Nashville, Tenn., recently appointed as one of the attending physicians in the Freedmen's Hospital, has arrived in the city. Mrs. McMillan did not accompany him.

Mr. S. B. Turner, editor of the Illinois Idea, has recovered from his recent illness.

The new ambassador to the United States from Great Britain, James Bryce, says he is not a reformer, but that should be at any time be inclined to embark upon reform movement it would names for American and Canadian cities.

The charge made against Tames Bixby, chairman of the Five Civilized Tribes commission of Indian Territory last winter, have been dismissed by the Secretary of the Interior.

It is stated that an excitement was caused in Hyattstown, Montgomery County, Md., one evening last week by the noise of either a terrific explosion or an earthquake.

The largest rotary snow plow ever built was placed on the tracks of the Denver, Northwestern and Pacific railroad the latter part of the past winter. It is said to cut thirteen feet, four inches, that is, it can force its way through a snow drift higher than the tops of passenger coaches.

A New Jersey man has lately had an articles of much use for the household patented. This article contains "a place for everything."

It is said that cheap candy, eaten by a four-year-old child at Wilkesbarre, Pa., was the cause of its death.

While more than twenty white men were taking a Negro charged with assault on a white woman, from the jail at Bunkie, La., last Sunday night, it is said that they were fired on by a crowd of Negroes, three of whom were wounded.

The funeral services of Mr. Joseph West, the brother of Dr. Charles West, of 924 M street, were held at St. Augustine's Catholic Church last Tuesday morning at ten o'clock. Mr. West belonged to one of the most respected families in the District.

Mrs. Anna J. Cooper addressed the Colored Woman's Christian Association last Monday night at Lincoln Temple Congregational Church.

The third annual congress of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis will meet at the New Willard Hotel, this ctiy, May 6.

The committees of the colored branch of the Young Men's Christian Association are said to have raised $11,741 in the past week.

There is a most friendly rivalry among the ladies of Columbus, Ohio; in the contest "for the trip to Atlantic City," given by the Colored World, one of Ohio's best newspapers. There are many candidates.

Mrs. Annie M. Brown of this city, the noted evangelist and humanitarian, is conducting revival services at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church, Tampa, Fla. Mrs. Brown is known far and wide, and is doing a great work.

Rev. Bishop Johnson's subject at the recent educational meeting in Baltimore was "Character and Culture."

Dr. A. M. Curtis of our city is growing in popular favor each day and his surgical knowledge is sought.

We learn from Our Dumb Animals that in Jamaica Plain, Mass., lives a doctor in his 74th year, his mother in her 92d, and his horse in his 34th. All appear to be enjoying good health.

During the Jamestown Exposition there will be ten private detectives to guard the entrance to the Hampton Roads; they will keep spies out from Fort Monroe, which is not far from the site of the Exposition and Jamestown.

The Financial Board of the African M. E. Church met last Wednesday at 1541 14th street. The board considered questions of importance to the race.

The Evening Post, New York, April 13, made its appearance in three sections, thirty-six pages and magazine. The magazine contains a full description and pictures of its new home. The first edition of the Post was issued Nov. 16, 1801.

THE EVENING POST.

While modern methods have made rapidity in the construction of large buildings a matter of familiar knowledge, which is now taken as a matter of course, the speed of the work in erecting the new home of the Evening Post was so remarkable as to attract general attention. The comments it evoked from non-technical observers were well founded. One of the builders, the firm of Marc Eidlitz & Son, recently said that he knew of no other case in which a building of its size and type had been erected in the same space of time.

The work of tearing down the old structures on the Vesey street site was begun early in May, 1906, and on June 12 a report was made that they had been removed down to the first floor. A month later the cellars had been excavated, plungers for the elevators had been driven down to solid rock, and the underpinning of the adjoining houses had been completed. At that date the foundations had not been built, and the site was only a hole in the ground. Steel cantilever girders, to sustain the main columns of the new building, began to arrive about the end of July.

Early in August the last girders were set, and the whole steel construction work was erected in the record time of six weeks and one day. Ordinarily the process would have occupied double the time. By September 15, the steel skeleton work of twelve stories having been completed, housesmiths were hoisting parts of the mansard roof into place, and the stone and brick work was well under way. Although the masonry had to be started from a point twenty-five feet below the curb, the side and rear walls had then been carried up to the fourth floor. The granite work of the front and the cut-stone work of one story were in place, while the arching and fireproof work of eight stories were ready. Carpenters had been at work for several days putting in temporary stairways and frames, and much of the material for the inside of the structure was on hand. The plumbing, electrical work, elevator construction, and metal furring were all well advanced.

The stone front of the building is an example of remarkably quick work, having been erected from the sidewalk to the roof in less than five weeks. In considering the rapidity of the whole construction, it should be remembered that the girders used in the foundation are of unusual size and weight, a fact which in itself delayed the work for many days.

On January 21 the first tenant moved into the building, on the ninth floor, having complete use of his offices, of toilet rooms, and of elevators. Other tenants took possession of their rooms in February, and on March 9 still others moved in, occupying the entire first and second floors. The Evening Post began to install the equipment of the hand-composing room on March 6.

VARDAMAN.

From the N. Y. Evening Post.

Gov. Vardaman has begun his campaign for the Senate by his usual demagogic attack upon the Negro. In his opening speech he said: "If it is necessary that every Negro in the State be lynched, it will be done to maintain white supremacy;" and he added with commendable frankness: "The white man, the Caucasian, is utterly conscienceless when it comes to racial existence." At the same time he stated that he was not hopeless of a solution of the race problem. But constructive remedy is, as usual, not to be found in his speech. In marked contrast with this exhibition of semi-savagery on Gov. Vardaman's part is a recent utterance by ex-Gov. Northen of Georgia. "I believe," he said in a speech in Atlanta, "every one of a mob a red-handed murderer, whether he be the tail-end member or a leader. . . . I consider people who burn Negroes as savages hot from hell. Just now we are lapsing into barbarism, and our civilization is slipping from us. Something must be done." While the Columbia *State* feels that this is too pessimistic, it expresses its opinion that "we have a few public men, not many, who seem to be doing all they can to fan the flame of hatred between the races, instead of trying to extinguish it." There are many other signs that the South is rapidly dividing into two classes: those who follow Vardaman and Tillman in their blindly destructive policy, and those who, like Mr. Northen, believe that there is such a thing as a Christian duty towards a backward race—backward by reason of the white man's cupidity.

ANOTHER OLD PIONEER GONE.

From the Detroit Informer.

Agnes Wallace, born September 17, 1828, in Albemarle county, Virginia, departed this life at her late residence, 147 Madison avenue, April 2, 1907, at 1.30 P. M., after an illness of a few days, aged 78 years, 7 months and 15 days. She was married to James Wallace at the age of 19 years, in 1847, and came to Detroit in 1848. When she came to this city Detroit was only a small village. Her husband had a barber shop in the old Artesnold Hotel, afterwards changed to the Russell House; she was converted and joined the Second Baptist church in 1848 and fas a faithful member and consistent worker during her life. She had lived in only two houses since 1848, both of which she purchased, one on Congress street and the other where she died and lived on Madison avenue for over forty years. She leaves a sister in Alexandria, Va., one nephew in Washington, D. C., and niece in Cleveland, O., one in Windsor, Ont., one in Louisville, Ky., two in St. Louis, Mo., and a nephew in Charleston, W. Va., and one in New York, and a host of friends to mourn her loss.

THE NEW THEOLOGY.

What Is It,

From the South African Spectator, Cape Town, Africa.

There is considerable excitement just now in religious circles owing to the recent declaration of the successor to the late Dr. Parker of the City Temple, London.

The Rev. Dr. Campbell has dared to express boldly what a great many—yea, the majority of those who are at all capable of an independent thought—have been thinking for a long time past, but dared not express. That moral policeman, Hell, performed a useful part in the darker and more superstitious ages in restraining those whose ability to distinguish between evil and good was influenced largely by the possible resultant consequences to themselves. The fear of the devil was a greater factor in the idrection of men's courses than the love of God, and men's ability to discriminate between meum et tuum was influenced greatly by the aversion or otherwise of the smell of brimstone; but, tempora mutantur. The age is progressing. Men have become more intelligent, including the clergy, and Hell-fire, Infant Damnation, Immaculate Conception, and other impossible doctrines of this class are very properly relegated to the limbo of a barbaric past. The intelligent clergyman who today contributes to these doctrines is impelled by one of two reasons—the lack of courage to express his views, or the fear of losing his job—pounds, shillings and pence! yea, dollars and cents! The age demands something healthier than the milk and sop of the past. It is equally as insulting, and a reflection on men's intelligence, to be asked to subscribe to the rubbish as to believe in the nursery fable of the whale being swallowed by a certain Mr. Jonah. Then, again, look at the hypocracies of the modern follower of that democratic Jew, who complained while on earth of having nowhere to put his head, and whose disciples must be fed sumptuously daily, and revel on the fat of the land! Look at the discrimination practised by those who have re-erected that vail in the temple which is said to have been torn asunder in synchronal with the expiring groan of the Son of God, and indicative of the Divine displeasure at any separation or discrimination between his children. Look at all these inconsistences and frauds, and wonder that so-called Christianity is not making more rapid strides among the heathen. Well, for my part, I often wonder how any black man combining intelligence with self-respect, can accept and swallow this exploded nonsense with the avidity with which some pretend. And as for the discerning Pagan—why, "He looks, and laughs at a' that."

F. Z. S. P.

THE SOUTH'S NEED OF WHITE SERVANTS.

From the Mobile, Ala., Register.

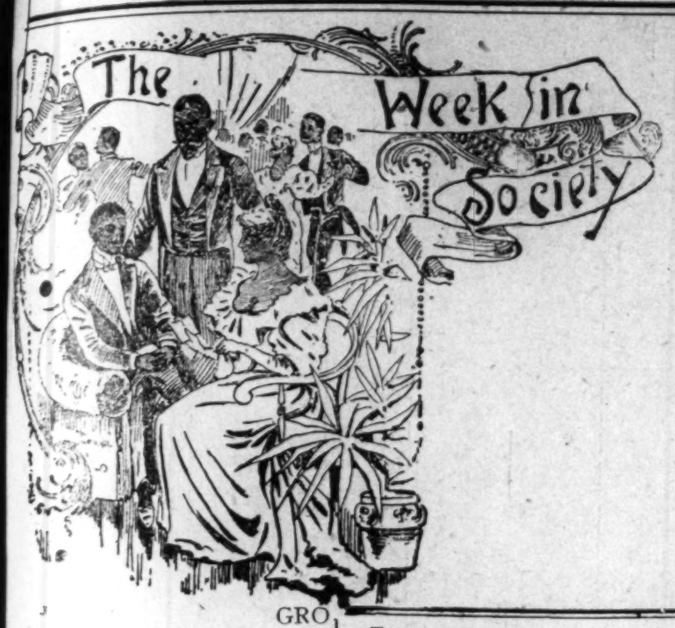
A housekeeper asks the Register to give advice and assistance in the matter of providing domestic help. She says that the situation has become intolerable, as colored help cannot be obtained. In her distress she has written to the paper to ask if something can be done to get white domestic servants by immigration or in any other way. The immigrants who come to this country are of the farming or laboring class, and are ill-fitted to become domestic servants. The only foreigners who are capable of this sort of service are the Chinese and Japanese, and the Chinese are barred out, and the Japanese are likely to be barred out by treaty, it being the consensus that they do not form a desirable addition to our population. The only source of supply is in the Northern States. There is found a class of white people accustomed to domestic service, but it is difficult to persuade these people to come South. They have the idea that the South is a very hot and sickly region, and, besides, they fear that they may come into association with Negro servants. Nevertheless, if a considerable number of housekeepers here would organize an association, pledged to employ white servants, and would send a trustworthy agent to the North to explain the peculiarly favorable situation of Mobile in climatic and health point of view and to give assurance of good treatment and good wages, it might result in bringing in so large a number of applicants as to form a basis for a "colony," so to speak. It must be recognized that half a dozen or so of these white servants, if they were all, would find their isolation too great to be long endured. New Orleans has a large number of white servants, principally as help in restaurants. Mobile may be able to get the same help if the business is undertaken in earnest.

THE NEXT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

From Our Dumb Animals.

We begin to see in the newspapers coming to our table nominations for President to succeed President Roosevelt. We don't care two straws whether he is to be a Republican or Democrat, or whether he ever made a speech in his life, or what State or Territory he is to come from, if he is only an intelligent, level-headed, honest and humane man; and such a man we believe to be our present Massachusetts Junior Senator, Winthrop Murray Crane. In the interests of our country and the progress of civilization and humanity we are glad to give the above opinion to the about twenty thousand newspapers on our exchange list.

Mr. Hearst of the New York Journal says that the time has arrived for a new party to take the field. Mr. Roosevelt has the big stick in one hand and a contribution box in the other.



GRO

Miss C. K. Dade of Wylie street, N. E., has returned from a very pleasant trip to New York, where she spent the Easter holidays, the guest of Mrs. Robt. Merrieweather, 229 W. 40th street. With her as Mrs. Wm. B. Pollard, who is still in New York.

Rev. Dr. D. E. Wiseman will address the Lyceum at the Second Baptist Church, 3rd street between H and I streets, N. W., next Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Good music. Don't miss this rare treat.

There will be a musicale by the pupils of Mrs. M. Harvey Clinkscales, assisted by Mr. Joseph Carroll, tenor soloist; Misses Victoria Lane and Anna Burns, soprano soloists; Miss Gertrude Brooks, elocutionist, at Second Baptist Church, 3rd street between H and I streets, N. W., Rev. Bishop Johnson, D.D., pastor, Monday evening, April 22, 1907, at 8 o'clock. Silver offering.

The Bloom of Youth Lodge No. 1368, G. U. O. of O. F., and the Silver Queen Household of Ruth, No. 740, G. U. O. of O. F., will give a grand joint entertainment and May reception Wednesday night, May 1, at Odd Fellows' Hall, M street, between 16th and 17th streets, N. W.

This promises to be one of the grandest affairs of the season, and the committees of both lodges are sparing no pains in order to make it a successful event in every way. The entire fraternity have been invited and it is expected that the hall will be filled almost to overflowing.

The famous Columbian Orchestra, with the able leadership of Prof. Sylvester Thomas, will furnish music for the ocasion. The doors will be open from 7.30 P. M. to 2 A. M., and the admission is 25 cents.

Miss Zellace C. Wooding of 1214 Wylie street, N. E., is confined to her home with a severe cold. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd of 1322 12th street N. E., are the happy parents of a bouncing baby girl. Mother and daughter are doing nicely.

Mrs. H. E. Toppen of 45 Hanover street, is able to be out again after a severe attack of sickness.

Mr. James A. Callis, teacher in the day in this city.

There was an interesting rally at St. John Baptist Church, Arlington, Va., last Sunday, April 14, for the purpose of raising money to erect a $4,000 church. Thus far the various means for raising the necessary amount has been very successful. It is hoped that very soon we can begin the erection of the new church. Interesting services were held all day. At 11 A. M. Rev. W. B. Carroll of Alabama preached an able sermon. At 3 P. M. Rev. Wm. J. Howard, D.D., pastor of Zion Baptist Church, delivered with force and power one of his interesting sermons, and at 8 P. M. Rev. J. D. Corrothers, with his matchless eloquence, held spellbound his audience.

The pastor, Rev. E. E. Ricks, who has made heroic sacrifices to carry on the work by his untiring efforts to go forward, is to be highly commended for his excellent leadership of the little flock. The rally was a financial success and the handsome amount of $159.11 was realized, although there is a very small membership.

Morning Star Lodge No. 40 and Monumental Lodge No. 3, I. R. P. O. Elks of the World, will give a musical extravaganza at the Washington Light Infantry Armory Thursday evening, April 25. It will be the greatest event in the history of the Elks.

Mrs. Carl Pickett of St. Paul, who has been visiting her brother, Mr. G. H. Johnson, Chicago, Ill., will be the guest of her brother-in-law in this city for some time.

It is expected that Miss Susie Josnson of Atlanta will be the guest of friends here for some time.

Miss Catharine Davis, who was the guest of Mrs. Marie Carpenter, Frederick, Md., has come to the city well pleased with her trip.

Mrs. Leulla Preston of St. Louis, Mo., is in our city and expects to reside here permanently.

Miss Annie Sutton of Atlanta, Ga., will be in the city for some time as the guest of her parents.

Dr. A. J. Carey of Chicago, who is visiting here will go to Baltimore before returning to his home.

Miss Geneva Denny of this city made a visit to her cousin, Mrs. J. B. French at Tuskegee Institute.

Miss Izetta Bass, who has been receiving treatment here, has returned to her home, Richmond, Va., much improved.

Mr. Chas. F. Fuller, who has not been very well for some time, has gone to his home in Charlottesville, Va., hoping to get a much needed rest. Mr. Fuller is one of the best St. Lukes in the District.

Mrs. B. H. Armes expects to visit Troy, N. Y., about the middle of this

Mrs. Geo. W. Lee, after a pleasant stay with friends, has returned to her home in New York.

Prof. and Mrs. W. T. Jackson have returned from Philadelphia.

Miss Harriet Shadd who spent several days in Philadelphia was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Cowdery.

Miss Lois Nelson of Richmond, Va., was here as the guest of her sister, Miss Willie T. Nelson.

Miss Mamie Fleming of Philadelphia is here, the guest of friends.

Mr. C. Able of Philadelphia spent several days in Washington.

Mrs. Priscilla Brown spent several days in Philadelphia.

Mr. A. Grimke has returned from Boston.

During the visit of Miss Sarah Brown and her sister, Miss Fairfax Brown, to Philadelphia, they were the guests of Miss Rosa Presco.

Mr. J. W. Cromwell of this city but now attending Dartmouth, spent Easter holidays with Mr. French Tyson at his home in Boston.

Miss Helen Holmes, accompanied by Miss Sallie Holmes, visited Miss C. West of Philadelphia.

Hon. N. B. Marshall of the District was the guest of honor at a stag luncheon given by Hon. L. N. Porter in Little Rock, Ark., the 30th of last month.

THE MEN'S CLUB.

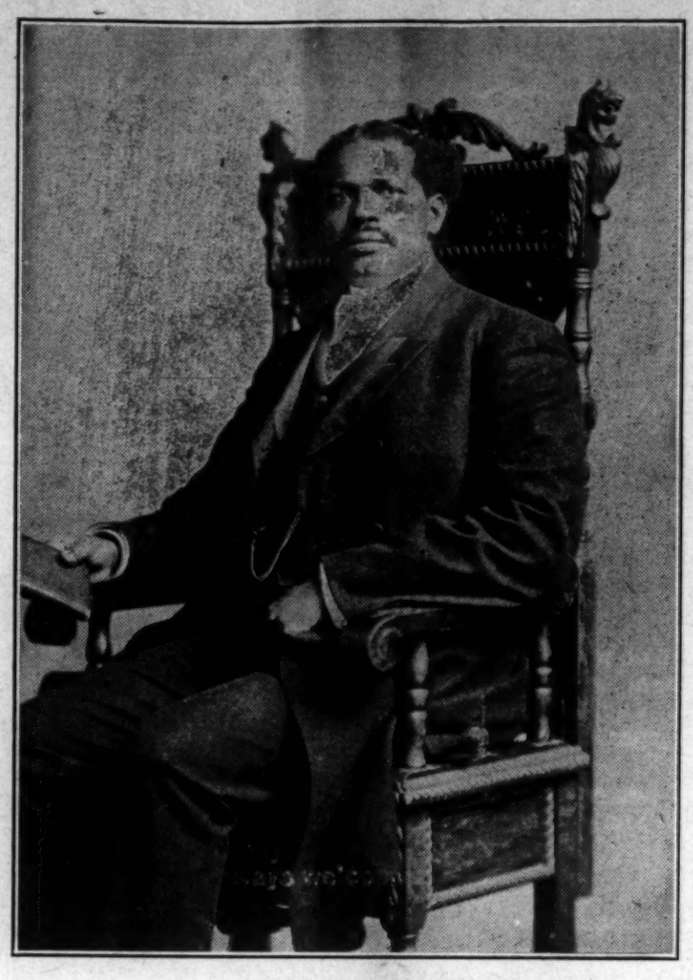
The paper of Mr. John Paynter on Dunbar and Frederick Douglass before the men's club of St. Luke's Church last Wednesday evening was well written and well delivered. Mr. Paynter is a good writer and a man of deep thought. He is one of the most brilliant writers among the men of his race.

President Jerome A. Johnson, at the conclusion of Mr. Paynter's paper, called on those present to discuss the paper, which they did. Among those who discussed the paper were Mess. Underwood, Brooks, Wm. Mayes, W. Calvin Chase and others. At the conclusion of the discussion the committee of the men's club tendered the members a collation. The evening was pleasantly spent and the men's club of St. Luke's Church is a social factor in this city and President Johnson is the right man in the right place. Those who will participate in the musicale next week are Ernest R. Amos, Geo. H. Murray, Mrs. Armstead, and Miss Sallie Weston. This musicale is for the benefit of St. Luke's Church.

REV. S. L. CORROTHERS.

The citizens of this city and friends of Rev. Sylvester L. Corrothers, pastor of Galbraith Church, tendered him a public reception last evening in the main auditorium of his church. Rev. Corrothers has made a brilliant church record since he has been in this city. He has done more for Galbraith Church than any minister who has occupied that pulpit. There was a distinguished audience present last evening to tender to this well known divine a testimonial that will be remembered for a long time to come. The church was beautifully decorated with flags and other ornaments. The pulpit was bedecked with palms and cut flowers. The master of ceremonies was Mr. W. Calvin Chase, who paid a handsome tribute to the worth of Rev. Corrothers and his loyalty to his people. Mr. Chase said that the minister in whose honor we have assembled has won his way up in the world by hard blows and perseverance. He has the respect and confidence of his church and the entire connection. Rev. Corrothers believes in the colored Americans. He believes in his professional men of every character and the citizens of Washington could not do honor to a more deserving man.

Addresses were also made by Hon. J. C. Dancy, recorder of deeds, Attorneys be in the direction of a revision of Baltimore High School, spent last Sun- M. T. Clinkscales, Thomas L. Jones and others. The committee deserves much credit for the success of the testimonial.



REV. SYLVESTER L. CORROTHERS.

On behalf of the people, Rev. Corrothers was presented with a handsome purse.

In response Rev. Corrothers said in part:

Ladies and Gentlemen and Friends:—I can hardly express my appreciation as well as surprise. I am glad to know that my services since my stay in this city have been appreciated. I have endeavored to do my duty and nothing more. I have followed strictly the divine law and obeyed to the letter the law of the land. While I have labored in and out of season, I have had the cooperation of the members of my church and the good people of Washington for whom I have the most profound respect and admiration. My church has met every demand imposed upon her. Her membership has been steadily on the increase, which has been more than gratifying to me.

Several musical selections were rendered, after which the guests repaired to the lecture room below, where everybody partook of refreshments that had been arranged by the committee.

Rev. S. L. Corrothers, D.D., pastor of Galbraith A. M. E. Zion Church, has been in Washington, D. C., and in charge of Galbraith Church for over four years. When he took charge of Galbraith Church there was a very heavy church debt, with other pressing obligations.

The first year's work, Dr. S. L. Corrothers paid all the expenses other than the main debt and a large amount of that. The second year Dr. S. L. Corrothers paid off the second mortgage and succeeded in getting the church in a good working condition and he has been decreasing the debt ever since.

Among the many pastors Galbraith Church has had, Dr. Corrothers has done more work in four years than all the rest of them put together in ten years.

When Dr. Corrothers took charge of the church a great many of the members had been scattered here and there and everywhere, but he devised some plans for getting all the old members in line in which he succeeded. After he had gotten them back into working order he organized them into clubs, giving them some special work to do and thereby he received their support. The first year's revival he took in over 200 members which showed that he was not only paying off the expenses of the church but he was bringing souls to Christ, which is his calling. Before Dr. Corrothers was here three months the congregation had increased in such a manner that on Sunday nights after 7.45 you could not get a seat. The morning congregation had increased twice in number since Dr. Corrothers has been there.

Shortly after Dr. Corrothers' appointment, Recorder Dancy became a member of the Church and started in doing active work in the church.

EMANCIPATION DAY.

Tuesday, April16, was the 45th anniversary of the emancipation of slaves in the District of Columbia. It was appropriately celebrated under the auspices of Lincoln Emancipation League in Friendship Baptist Church, First and H streets, S. W., Rev. Alexander Wilbanks, D.D., pastor. The church was packed from door to pulpit. The pulpit was decorated with American flags and seated upon it were Rev. S. L. Corrothers, D.D., Lieut. R. L. Toomey, Rev. J. B. McLaughlin, Rev. E. E. Ricks, W. Calvin Chase, President James W. Poe and Rev. Alexander Wilbanks, D.D. There were about 100 children beautifully dressed in white and carried in their hands a miniature American flag and rendered several patriotic selections accompanied by the Young People's Sacred Band. Madame Priolean rendered a beautiful vocal solo. Mr. Clarence H. Blakey rendered a cornet solo, accompanied by Mr. Charles E. Stokes on the piano. The entrance in the church of the queen and flower girls was a most beautiful demonstration.

The opening address was made by Rev. Wilbanks. He spoke in eloquent terms of the success of the emancipation under the auspices of Lincoln Emancipation League. He paid a just tribute to the people of South Washington for making the day a success. Rev. E. E. Ricks prayed, followed by several musical selections.

President Poe was then introduced by Rev. Wilbanks. He delivered a forceful address and paid a handsome compliment to Senator Foraker, which was received with applause lasting fully two minutes. At the conclusion of President Poe's address Mr. W. Calvin Chase was introduced and discussed the civil and political status of the Negro. His address was applauded throughout. Mr. Chase was followed by Rev. S. L. Corrothers, D.D., who delivered a most enthusiastic address. Rev. Corrothers kept his hearers in a roar of laughter throughout its delivery. Rev. J. B. McLaughlin was the next speaker. He made a most eloquent address. The exercises throughout were interesting and instructive and the Lincoln Emancipation League deserves great credit for the success that attended the occasion.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE ST. LUKE PENNY SAVINGS BANK

Located a Richmond, in the State of Virginia; at the close of business, March 22d, 1907, made to the State Corporation Commission

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	$17,506.02
Banking House	28,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,798.73
Exchanges for clearing house	474 27
Due from National Banks	5,640.70
Specie, nickels and cents	1,172.30
Paper Currency	5,092.00
All other items of resources	3,357.53
Total	$65,041 55

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$17,785.00
Surplus fund	3,500 00
Undivided profits, less amount paid for interest, expenses and taxes	1,609 48
Dividends unpaid	57.00
Individual deposits subject to check	15,761 98
Demand certificates of deposit	
Time certificates on deposit	26 328.09
Bills payable	
All other items of Resources	
Total	$65,041.55

I, Emmett C. Burke, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of the St. Luke Penny Savings Bank located at Richmond, in the state of Virginia, at the close of business on the 22d day of March, 1907, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Emmett C. Burke, Cashier

Correct—Attest:
H. L. Harris
Wm Millet
Maggie L. Walker
} Directors

State of Virginia,
City of Richmond.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day of March, 1907.

G. W Lewis, Notary Public.
My commission expires Feb 19th, 1910

$2 TO $5 A DAY.

Is easily made by our agents. Will you be one? Besides allowing large profits we also give our workers choice of over 108 useful and beautiful articles free. We want a representative in your town to sell Taylor's Hair Grower and Dandruff Cure (pomade) and Taylor's Face Cream and Beautifier in 25 cent sizes. First to write, first to get agency. Write or our proposition today. It's a winner. Address Taylor Remedy Co., Dept. 21,

Amusements

A GRAND JOINT ENTERTAINMENT AND MAY RECEPTION

Will be given by Bloom of Youth Lodge No 1368 and Silver Queen Household of Ruth No. 740, G. U. O. of O. F., on Wednesday evening, May 1, 1907, at Odd Fellows' Hall, 1606 M street, N. W.

This being our first time before the public jointly for some time, we respectfully invite the patronage of the entire fraternity and our many friends. We guarantee you an evening of real pleasure, as no pains will be spared in the way of preserving good order. Dist. Household and Subordinates are invited.

Committee on Arrangements.

J. S. Jones, Chr., Mattie M. Holliday, Sec., Mary E. Clements, J. A. Purvis, Ass't Sec., Fannie Blackford, Vice-Chr.

Supper Table.

Fannie Blackford, Chr., N. S. Slaughter, Henry Taylor, Fannie Harris, Katie Boston, Matilda Payne, Robert Robinson, Harry Grimes.

Refreshments.

M. M. Holland, Chr., Ida Rhone, Mary White, Thomas Taylor, Annie Burke.

Rebecca at the Well.

Bettie Rhone, Chr., Fannie West, J. A. Purvis, Angelane Brown, W. B. Harris.

Committee on Order.

Cary Johnson, Chr., Levi Collins, L.A. Dodson, David Rinker, Ticket Agent.

Doors open from 7.30 P. M. to 2 A. M.

Music by the Columbian Orchestra, Prof. Sylvester Thomas, Director.

Admission, 25 cents.

Organized February 19, 1904. Incorporated August 26, 1904.

Classical, Refined, Enjoyable.

MORNING STAR LODGE NO. 40 AND MONUMENTAL LODGE NO. 3 I. R. P. O. ELKS OF THE WORLD

Will give a Grand Musical Extravaganza, Social Session and Reception, at Wasington Light Infantry Armory, corner of 15th and E streets, N. W., Thursday evening, April 25, 1907.

Mr. Joe Gans, the Light Weight Champion of the World, will lead the Grand March at 11 o'clock.

Admission, 50 cents.

Buffet stocked with choice Wines and Liquors. Doors open at 7.30. Choice viands of the season served by Sweet, Polite and Attentive Ladies of Forest Temple No. 9, D. of Elks.

Dancing from 8 P. M. to 2 A. M. A Grand Street Demonstration.

Monumental Lodge will leave Camden Station, Baltimore, at 3 o'clock, and arrive in Washington at 4 o'clock and will be met by the Morning Star Lodge and the grand street parade will follow.

Music by the Metropolitan Band and Orchestra, Prof. John H. Hawkins, Leader.

Samuel E. Jones, Exalted Ruler. Thomas F. Harper, Secretary.

Chairman Washington Committee—William H. Walker.
Chairman Brooklyn Committee—William L. Pope.
Chairman Jersey City Committee—George E. Bates.
Chairman Baltimore Committee—William H. Lewis.
Chairman New York Committee—Sandy P. Jones.
Chairman Reception Committee—George B. Overton.

Whelan's Market

DEALER IN

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, BEEF, LAMB, VEAL, MUTTON AND PORK.
SMOKED, SALT AND CORNED MEATS A SPECIALTY.
MARKETING DELIVERED PROMPTLY.
PHONE MAIN 3246.
N. W. COR. 3RD AND C STREETS, S. W.

HOUSE & HERMANN.

The Pretty Patterns

Of Brass and Enamel Beds we are showing will appeal to your artistic tastes and the low prices will appeal to your pocketbook. Many distinctly new designs have just been added to our already large stock. We are always glad to arrange accommodating Credit terms, if you desire.

HOUSE AND HERRMANN, 7TH AND I (EYE) STS, N.W.

SPECIAL

FOR EVERY THREE BUSHELS OF COAL PURCHASED AT OUR YARD WILL GIVE ONE PECK OF COAL *FREE* DURING THE COLD WEATHER.

COLUMBIA COAL AND ICE COMPANY,
FIFTH AND L ST., N. W., Near K Street Market.

CREDIT FOR ALL WASHINGTON.

Furnishings That Appeal Equally to Your Tastes and Your POCKETBOOK

We ask for your patronage without the least hesitation, because we honestly believe that we can give you better satisfaction and make your money go farther than any other store in the city. We have a stock so ample in its scope that you could hardly be disappointed in finding what you want, and the patterns and qualities are so thoroughly good that you might buy with your eyes shut without being in the least disappointed. Our prices are all marked in plain figures, and we ask you to investigate and compare them; the closer you scrutinize them, the most distinctly will you realize how low they are. As a matter of fact, our cash prices are a good deal lower than equal qualities can be bought for anywhere else, and there is never more than ten per cent difference between our cash and credit prices—the actual expense entailed in handling time accounts.

Our spring stocks contain extremely rich assortments of the newest effects in Furniture, Floor Coverings, Draperies, and other needs, including moderately priced but thoroughly reliable Refrigerators, new patterns in Mattings, and all the best kinds of Go-carts.

Peter Grogan

817-819-821-823 Seventh Street. Between H and I Streets.

THE POSTMAN.

E. DAYTON.

Lively.
1 Hur - rah! here comes the
2 No man can be more
storm as well as
post-man, In ev - ry form of way;
wel-come, He real - ly owns the street;
sun-shine, In cold as well as heat,
I hear his coach - y whis - tle. He's right a - cross the
The cop per - ce is no-where. The post-man on the
The jol - ly jaun - ty post-man. Comes whistling thro the
way. To Mul - li - gan's flat he's go - ing,
beat. His pack-ag - es are a treas - ure,
street. His bur - den it may be heav - y.
The peo - ple rush a - bout; They
His whis - tle mu - sic's tone; It
His heart is light as air; And
hear the whis - tle blow - ing,
real - ly is a pleas - ure,
this his mer - ry warn - ing.
Then list - en to him shout.
The name he calls to own.
Is wel-come ev - ery - where,
Slower.
Whistle.

Melody Co. N. Y. Copyright 1906

CHORUS. *Waltz time.*

John Schmidt, Miss An - nie Cla - - ry. Hans Krats - en - mul - ler - stein; ..... Re.
bec - ca Czer - o - witz - - ky, And Mis - ses Ja - cob Klein,..... George
Wash - ing - ton, Sam John - - sing, And one di - rect - ed Mame;..... I
spose her friend that wrote it, For - got her oth - er name.....

Gillette Safety Razor

No Stropping, No Honing

Set consists of 12 double-edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) with triple silver-plated holder in velvet lined case. Each blade good for an average of more than 20 satisfying shaves. Handle and blade guaranteed to be perfect in material and workmanship. Sold by leading Drug, Cutlery and Hardware dealers.

Inquire about SPECIAL FREE TRIAL OFFER.

Gillette Sales Company, 21 Times Building New York City.

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The W. B. Reduso

is the ideal garment for over-developed figures requiring special restraint. It has an apron over the abdomen and hips, so boned as to give the wearer absolute freedom of movement.

REDUSO STYLE 750 for tall, well-developed figures. Made of a durable coutil in white or drab. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 22 to 36. *PRICE, $3.00*

REDUSO STYLE 760 for short, well-developed figures. Made of white and drab coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 24 to 36. *PRICE, $3.00*

W. B. NUFORM and W. B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

are built hygienically—they do not press or strain anywhere. Their lines are your lines, their shape that of your own figure. They make a bad figure good and a good figure better.

ON SALE AT ALL DEALERS

Erect Form 744	(Stout Model)	of Imported Coutil	*$2.00*
Nuform 403	(Slender Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 447	(Stout Model)	of White Coutil	*3.00*
Erect Form 720	(Average Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.00*
Nuform 738	(Average Model)	of Imported White Coutil or Batiste	*2.00*
Nuform 406	(Medium Model)	of Coutil or Batiste	*1.50*

WEINGARTEN BROS., MAKERS, 377-379 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NEGROES AFRAID OF COMET.

Report in Indian Territory Towns That Earth's End Is Near.

Muskogee, I. T.—The ignorant negroes throughout Indian territory are greatly excited by the reported approach of a destructive comet. In many places they have quit work and are assembling nightly in churches and holding religious services.

It is reported at Fort Gibson and at many other points along the Arkansas river where there are large negro settlements that the comet is the only thing talked about, and the negroes believe that the world is coming to an end. This condition has reached such proportions that the Times-Democrat, a local newspaper, telegraphed Prof. P. J. J. See, of Mare Island, asking his opinion about the comet. His reply was:

"The comet is a ghost of the air. It is going from the earth instead of toward it. There is no danger of contact."

A great many Indians have also become alarmed over the agitation, but they are not demonstrative about it, as are the negroes. At Westville it is reported that meetings are being held nightly and prayer offered. These reports come from the smaller towns and rural communities. There is not much excitement among the negroes of the larger town, although it is understood that in nearly every church service Sunday reference was made to it.

FINED FOR USING TYPEWRITER.

Man Haled Into Court for Working His Machine During Night.

Paris.—A few days ago, according to a report from Balz, Switzerland, a journalist who manipulated his typewriter in his room at night was summoned in legal action for disturbing the other tenants. He was fined 80 cents or four days in jail with warning that a second offense would be dearer.

Similar cases crop out occasionally in Paris, where freak cases abound. Pianists are the most frequent offenders. The law says that pianos must not be banged after ten o'clock in the evening. Phonographs are rapidly becoming close competitors of pianos, but an instance has recently been recorded in which a phonograph played a role more useful than annoying.

The landlord of a residential house let his ground floor to a coppersmith, the noise from whose workshop greatly disturbed the other tenants. One of them, instead of resorting to the complicated procedure of calling in experts, simply had the noise registered by a phonograph and brought action for damages against the landlord and

UNCLE SAM HUNTS FOR HEROES.

Naval Department Has Medals for Many Modest Sailors.

Washington.—Uncle Sam is to run opposition to Andrew Carnegie in "hero medal" distributing. Beneficiaries are to be those who fought with the American navy or marines in the Spanish-American war. It is not required that "heroes" Uncle Sam is hunting for saved the lives of anyone. If a veteran can prove he was especially active in the war he will get a medal.

"The navy is looking for every man who helped whip the Spaniards, as it has several hundred medals on its hands of which it wishes to dispose," the instructions received here read. "Heroes who risked their lives in the service of their country are being advertised for, but still the most of them have failed to answer the honor roll call."

By a legislative resolution on March 3, 1901, the secretary of the navy was authorized to issue bronze medals commemorative of naval engagements in the waters of the West Indies and on the shores of Cuba in the Spanish-American war. A board of awards submitted a list of engagements, but the secretary has enlarged the list so as to include all officers and men who were under fire.

MAKES HIMSELF AT HOME.

Burglar Breaks Into House, Bathes, Sleeps and Then Robs.

Stamford, Conn.—After breaking into the home of two wealthy maiden sisters, the Misses Frances and Cornelia Smith and finding it untenanted, a burglar calmly took a sleep in one of their rooms before selecting the articles which he wished to steal.

He set the alarm clock for five o'clock. When he arose he took a bath, ate a hearty breakfast and then commenced a leisurely inspection of the valuable articles in the house.

The Smith sisters are in the south, and when the caretaker found the broken window in the kitchen he ran to summon the police. While an officer was climbing through the broken window the burglar walked out of the front door with several hundred dollars' worth of booty and escaped in the direction of Greenwich unseen by the officer.

$10 Clerk Elected Mayor.

New Haven, Conn.—William C. Gilbert, a shoe clerk, was elected mayor of Danbury by a majority of 425. He is president of the Danbury Republican club. He earns ten dollars a week. His opponent, William A. Braum, was elected last year by a majority of two votes.

ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC (EAU DE QUININE)

LILLIAN RUSSELL,
the beautiful actress, says:

"Without question, an indispensable adjunct to a lady's toilet table. Exceedingly meritorious in preserving the hair and causing it to retain its lustre."

You can make your hair beautiful and improve your personal appearance by using **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** every day. It cures dandruff and stops falling hair, because it goes to the root of the trouble. **FREE!** A sample bottle of **ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC** (3 applications) for 10 cents to pay postage and packing.

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL

An exquisite perfume for the handkerchief, atomizer and bath. Used by women of fashion in Paris and New York.

Send 10 cents (to pay postage and packing) for a free sample bottle containing enough **Lilac Vegetal Extract** for 10 applications.

Write to-day to **ED. PINAUD'S** American Offices,

ED. PINAUD BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY.

Ask your dealer for ED. PINAUD'S HAIR TONIC and LILAC VEGETAL

THIS OFFER
WILL INTEREST YOU!

The New York Age

A National Afro-American Journal of News and Opinion

We desire the names of 30,000 persons on our subscription books before June 1, 1907. To get them we are planning a special campaign throughout New York City and the Country.

To begin with, we offer ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS ($100.00) in GOLD, divided into Four Prizes of $50,00, $25.00, $15.00 and $10.00, each, to the persons sending the largest number of new subscribers to The Age, before May 1, 1907, when the prizes will be awarded.

In addition, we shall allow a regular commission of Ten Per Cent. in this contest on each subscription forwarded at $1.50 a year; or $1.00 for 6 months.

EARNEST, HUSTLING CANVASSERS WANTED

Regular Agents of The Age are permitted to participate in this contest. This offer applies to new subscribers only as renewals cannot be counted in awarding the prizes. Further information furnished on request. Address,

THE NEW YORK AGE

4 CEDAR STREET - - - NEW YORK CITY

WE KNOW OUR OWN FLOWERS.
F. H. KRAMER.
Florist and Decorator,

J. C. Powell, the florist, with F. H. Kramer, Central Market, and 916 F street, N. W., will be pleased to see all his friends during the holidays. Plenty of Roses, Carnations, Violets, Floral Designs and Decorations. Don't fail to call. Store phone, Main 3787. Market phone, Main 2197. Greenhouse phone, East 193. Private office phone, Main 3987.

FULL DRESS AND TUXEDO SUITS.
$1.00—For Hire—$1.00.
Julius Cohen,
1104 7th street, N. W.

HIGHER WAGES FOR NEGRO LABORERS

Powerful Labor Organization Will Protect Colored Workingmen and Women.

Every colored citizen who has the interest of the race at heart, will rejoice to learn that a great Labor Union is using its strength and influence to secure higher wages for the negro laboring men and women. This is the first labor organization in this country to take up the battle in behalf of our race.

This Union proposes to see that the colored people are given their proper place in the work of this country, and accorded equal opportunities to work with other workmen and receive Union wages and hours. They will extend full protection to their negro members, and insist upon justice being done them.

The negro has an equal standing in this union with his white brother, and is eligible to hold any office in the organization.

When a member dies, $100.00 is paid to his beneficiary, this being one of the beneficial features of this Union.

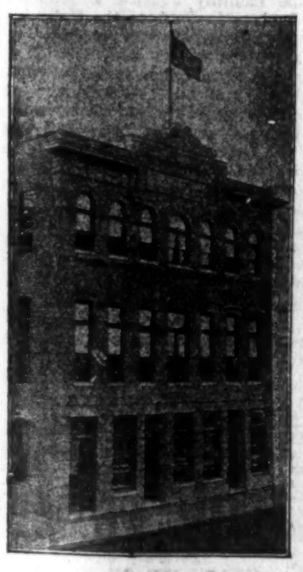
If a leading negro of each locality will become a Deputy, and help extend this Union by forming new Lodges, he will uplift our people and do grand work for the race. He may continue his regular employment, forming the Lodge during idle moments, and receive good pay for his efforts.

Those of our readers who desire to take up this work should write THE INTERNATIONAL LABORERS' UNION, DAYTON, OHIO, and request sample Journal, Constitution and By-Laws and instructions about becoming a Deputy Organizer for this progressive Union.

Be sure to mention this paper and enclose 10 cents to pay the postage. Also give reference as to character and honesty.

ST. LUKE HALL,

HEADQUARTERS
I. O. of St. Luke,
Richmond, Virginia.



—THE—
Independent Order of St. Luke

WITH HEADQUARTERS AT

Richmond, Va., is a growing Fraternal Society, with several Incorporated Departments, operating:—

1 A Fraternal Society paying Sick Dues and an Endowment at death.

2 A Juvenile Department paying Sick Dues and an Endowment at death.

3 A Regalia Department.

4 A Savings Bank.

5 A Large Department Store.

6 A Weekly Paper—The St. Luke Herald.

7 A Job Printing Office.

The St. Lukes are now operating in 15 states, and are rapidly spreading in every direction.

We want good, hustling Deputies. Good terms for the right persons, male or female. When you write inclose testimonial as to character and ability.

For further information, address

MAGGIE L. WALKER,
Grand Sec'y, I. O. St. Luke,
St. Luke Hall, Richmond, Va.

There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than of any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine (The Queen of Fashion) has more subscribers than any other Ladies' Magazine. One year's subscription (12 numbers) costs 50 cents. Latest number, 5 cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogues (of 600 designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing 400 premiums) sent free. Address THE McCALL CO., New York.

THE BEE AND McCALL'S GREAT FASHION MAGAZINE
for one year for $2.00.
COUPON.

Editor Bee:—
Find enclosed two dollars. Send to my address below The Bee and McCall's Fashion Magazine for one year.

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NEW HOME
LIGHT RUNNING

SEWING MACHINE

Before You Purchase Any Other Write
THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY
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We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the trade. The "New Home" stands at the head of all High-grade family sewing machines

Sold by authorized dealers only.

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FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
HIRING, LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.
Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.

Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guaranteed. Business at 1132 Third street, N. W. Main Office Branch at 222 Alfred street, Alexandria, Va.

Telephone for Office, Main 1727
Telephone Call for Stable, Main 1482-5.

OUR STABLES IN
FREEMAN'S ALLEY.
Where I can accommodate 50 horses. Call and inspect our new and modern.
1132 Third street, N. W.
J. H. DABNEY, Prop.
ate caskets and investigate our meth-

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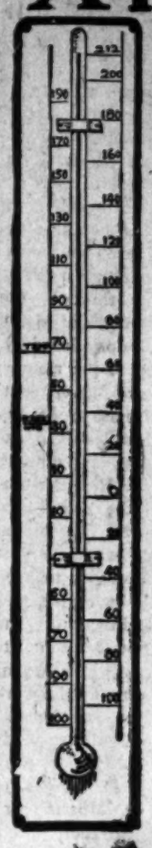
CARD READER.
TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.
Removes Spells and Evil Influences.
Reunites the Separated, and
Gives Luck to All.
1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C.
N. B.—No leters answered unless accompanied by stamp.
N. B.—Mention The Bee.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
Large, comfortable furnished rooms to reither ladies or gentlemen, 1207 K street northeast.

Furnished rooms for rent at 1117½ 5th street, N. W.

Front Parlor suitable for a doctor and a back bedroom, 1410 First street, N. W.

A HIGH DEGREE



of satisfaction is a rare thing in most $3.00 shoes. Shoes at this price usually lack style or comfort or both.

The style of more expensive shoes and good solid value are found in our

SIGNET SHOE

because of the exceptional attention bestowed on the making. The only cheapness in it anywhere is the price.
A Goodyear-welted shoe, made on several of the season's handsomest lasts, in the most popular leathers.
Looks first rate and wears that way every time.
It's worth your while to come in and look the Signet over, even if you're not ready to buy
Always welcome.

Wm. Moreland,
491 Penna Ave
HOLTMAN'S OLD STAND. SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT

WILL HONOR CUSTER

MONROE, MICH., TO ERECT MONUMENT TO ITS SOLDIER HERO.

Famous Cavalry Leader Was Born in Ohio, But Always Regarded Wolverine Village as His Home.

Monroe, Mich.—Though he was perhaps the most famous soldier who has ever called Michigan his home, there is as yet, 31 years after his death, no memorial within the borders of the state to Gen. George A. Custer.

To remedy this the citizens of Monroe are now agitating the erection of a handsome monument to this dashing cavalryman who, from his later boyhood, always looked upon Monroe as his home.

Though Gen. Custer was born in Ohio and though his parents continued to live there, with the exception of one year, Custer himself went to school at Monroe and spent much of his time there with his sister, Mrs. Reed, who had married a Monroe man.

His appointment to the military academy at West Point was given him by an Ohio congressman, but it was always to Monroe that he returned for his furloughs during his academy course as well as on his later leaves of absence during the war. There he was married to Miss Libbie Bacon, daughter of Judge Bacon, one of the most prominent of the town's citizens, and there was the sorrow greatest when the dread news came on that Fourth of July of centennial year of the annihilation by the Sioux under Sitting Bull of the gallant general and his whole command of the Seventh cavalry on the Little Big Horn in Montana, eight days previous.

Since that day the federal government has made the site of the "last battle" a national park, marked the route of the Seventh's last march, and erected a handsome monument on the site where Custer himself fell.

But Michigan, on whose name he shed luster by his command of the "Michigan brigade" during 1863 and 1864, has done nothing toward providing a memorial to his deeds.

It was Custer and his "Michigan brigade" that during the civil war restored the cavalry arms to the place it had occupied in the days of Napoleon, when the dashing cavalry charges at Murat were an important factor in almost every battle.

Appointed brigadier general when but two years out of West Point for gallantry in small actions as an officer on the staff of Gen. Pleasanton, commanding the cavalry corps of the Army of the Potomac, Custer was assigned to the "Michigan brigade," composed of the First, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh Michigan regiments of cavalry. At this time the cavalry was rather looked down upon by the other branches of the service, but the tactics of Custer and his "Michigan boys" soon changed all this. Instead of depending upon the carbine, as the cavalry had done in the civil war up to that time, Custer placed his trust in the saber and in the efficiency of the sweeping mounted charge to dismay his enemy. That the cavalry came to be looked upon as an effective force from that time on was due as much to Custer and his actions as to any other single influence.

For a year he commanded the Michigan brigade and then was advanced to the command of the Third division of the cavalry corps. His exploits there attracted the attention of the whole north and that of the south as well, and his generalship during the closing campaign which ended in the surrender of Appomattox left him with the highest individual fame as a cavalry commander of any man, either northern or southern, with the single exception of Phil Sheridan.

After the war, when the principal duty of the cavalry, to which he was assigned as lieutenant colonel of the Seventh, was Indian fighting, Custer's success was as great as it had been against the southern legions, and in not a single instance did it fail, except in the "last battle."

And even there the claim, made at the time by Custer's friends, that his defeat and annihilation were the direct results of the failure of his subordinates to obey his orders has never been disproved, so that there is nothing from his first action in 1861 until he was shot down in the midst of his men on the Little Big Horn in 1876 to tarnish his fame as a brave man, a gallant soldier and a brilliant commander.

The citizens of Monroe have taken up in earnest the matter of a monument to be erected in the city of his adoption and will probably go to the legislature with a request for assistance in raising the money necessary, which it is figured will be about $25,000. Two sites are being considered.

Toes Are Worth $722 Each.

Green Bay, Wis.—A jury here has fixed the price of toes at $722 each. William Gussart, who lost three toes while working for the Greenleaf Stone company, brought suit to recover damages and the jury awarded him $2,166.

Locks of Washington's Hair.

Lancaster, Pa. — Mrs. Margaret Snader, an aged woman, living in New Holland, has several strands of the hair of George Washington, given to her mother many years ago by a member of the Custis family.

PENITENT PAYS FOR FREE RIDE.

Gives Railroad Price of Ticket He Saved by Borrowing Pass.

Springfield, Ill.—"This money has been hurting my conscience for more than six months, and I am glad of an opportunity to refund it."

With these words, a man the other day tendered $4.75 to John H. Lord, city passenger agent of the Illinois Central. He explained that it was in payment for a ride which he had taken last July from Chicago to Springfield on a borrowed pass. The matter, he said, has been troubling his conscience ever since, and he finally concluded the only thing to do was to turn over the money to the railroad company.

After a little questioning he gave his name as T. E. Timmus, but declined to say who the holder of the pass was or what occasioned his repentance.

Mr. Lord was somewhat at a loss as to what to do with the money, but finally accepted it and gave the man a receipt for the amount. He has remitted it, with an explanatory letter to the general passenger agent of the road at Chicago.

The city passenger agent of the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis railway received a communication from a man in Kansas City, asking the amount of the fare from Pekin to Granite City. He stated that he had stolen a ride over that route, and his conscience had troubled him so much ever since that he wanted to pay the fare.

NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON CANDY KITCHEN,
1614 14th street, N. W.

All kinds of delicious ice cream delivered free. One gallon, $1.00; one quart, 25 cents; one pint, 15 cents.

Our Candies Made Daily.

Chocolates, Bon Bons, Taffy and drops of all kinds ten cents pound.

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FIFTH AND L STS., N. W., NEAR K ST. MARKET.
WOOD AND COAL UNDER COVER.
OUR COAL IS CLEAN, AND WE SELL CHEAP.
REDUCTION ON COAL FOR CHURCHES.
FILE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS, AND WE WILL DO THE REST.
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. LEAVE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS AND TELL US THE KIND OF COAL YOU WANT.
COLUMBIA COAL AND ICE COMPANY.

W. Sidney Pittman
Architect

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EXPERT BUILDERS EXAMINERS AND ESTIMATORS.

Plans gotten out at short notice from rough sketches, pencil drawings, written or verbal description, and mailed to any section of the country. In the past forty-two months we have designed, overhauled, repaired and built over Eight Hundred Thousand ($800,000) Dollars worth of work in Washigtonn, D. C., and vicinity, the work being of nearly every description and character.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF DESIGNING FOR CHURCHES, SCHOOL BUILDINGS AND HALLS.

We also make a specialty of building up vacant lots, installing steam and industrial plants for schools, colleges and business places. Anyone contemplating having plans gotten out, buildings overhauled or repaired, we would be glad to have them call on or write us.

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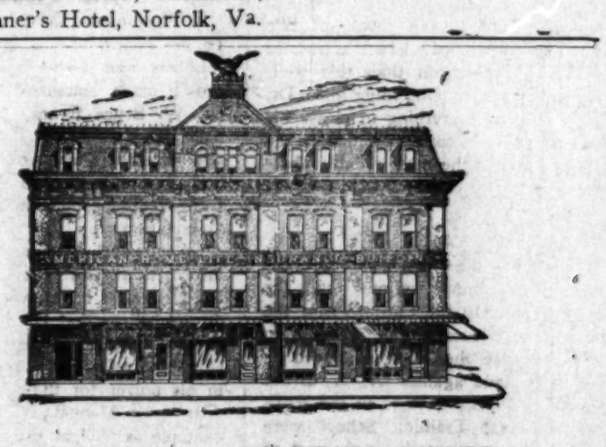

SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO $25.00 PER WEEK.
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE
POLICIES
PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.
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JAS. [illegible]ERS W. H. CLIFFORD

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1224 U STREET, N. W. PHONE CONNECTION.

BELMONT BOOM

The attention of the colored people of the District of Columbia and elsewhere is again called to the unparaleled opportunity they nave to secure homes in one of the most beautiful suburbs of Washington. Belmont is on the Tenallytown car line, just opposite Friendship Hts., only one car fare to any part of the city, and, besides being attractive in itself, is in the very center of the most select and exclusive settlements around Washington. Chevy Chase, Friendship Heights, Somerset, Drummond and the two or three suburbs recently opened up, make a complete circle around Belmont. The title to the property is absolutely good, as certified to by Ralston & Siddons.

There is a provision in the deed to the property to the effect "that no structure or buildings shall beerected thereon or used for the purposes of gambling, poolrooms, disorderly houses, livery stables,which insures the erection of only first-class houses and the building up of a beautiful suburban settlement. Friendship Heights, just opposite Belmont, is literally covered with beautfiul homes, which the promoters of Belmont hope to rival or even surpass.

If you fail to take advantage of this opportunity to secure a home in the northwest suburbs you will never have the like again, for never again will colored men control a suburb in the northwest section of Washington.

The location is unsurpassed. Prices reasonable, lots being sold at from 10 to 30 cents per square foot on terms to suit anybody that wants a lot. Don't hesitate because you haven't money to pay cash; we will sell you a lot on a small cash payment and monthly instalments. We can also build your your house on reasonable terms.

Call at office of Company for further information, 609 F street N. W., J. L. Neil, Secretary.

James H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.

ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.

TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

DR. J. W. MORSE.

DR. J. W. MORSE.

One of the most successful pharmacists in this city is Dr. J. W. Morse. He is a man of remarkable energy and perseverance. He has established a business in the West end of the ctiy which commends itself to the people of this city. There is no man better known to the medical profession than this well-known pharmacist. One thing about Dr. Morse, he does everything to please his patrons. The Bee commends him to the people as one of the most reliable pharmacists in this city.

CRAIG CASE.

THE CRAIG CASE.

If what has been stated be true, the Craig case is more serious than the Cardozo case. In the Cardozo case the evidence is circumstantial, whereas in the Craig case the charges alleged to have been made against Dr. W. Bruce Evans and certain teachers in the Armstrong Manual Training School were direct, without any proof on the part of Craig. It has been stated that John F. Cook, one of tse colored members of the Board of Education, should have said that no man would sign the letter of apology that as prepared by Craig's attorney. The surprise of the people is that Mr. Cook, for the first time in his life, took a stand in behalf of a member of his race. Just where the consistency of Mr. Cook's position is The Bee would like to know. He votes against Prof. Cardozo because it is alleged that he, Cardozo, wrote an anonymous letter. He votes to sustain Craig, who has made certain charges against teachers in the Armstrong Manual Training School and failed to furnish proof. The question of apology first originated with Craig and his counsel only carried out the suggestions made by Craig and his friend. As there has been so much said about an alleged brutal letter that no decent man would sign, The Bee publishes below the letter of apology which originated with Mr. Craig, and it was thought that he was getting off very easy after having made such grave charges:

Sec. 818. False charges of unchastity.—Whoever wrongfully accuses any woman of unchastity shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, and shall also be liable to a civil action for damages by the party injured.

THE APOLOGY.

Washington, D. C., April 2, 1907.

To the Board of Education.

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Some time ago I made statements derogatory to Dr. W. Bruce Evans, principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School, said statements being of the same tenor and effect as testified to by Dr. W. Bruce Evans before your committee during my invesigation.

I made such statements merely from information and not from personal knowledge. I have always believed and do yet believe that Dr. Evans is a clean man morally, and that he is otherwise efficient intellectually, and is doing all in his power for the upbuilding of the Armstrong Manual Training School by example as well as precept, and what I said against him was actuated by a belief that he was opposed to me.

Since the said investigation and from what I now know, I am frank to admit that what I said was a repetition of rumors from irresponsible sources and that I have thus done him, the school and others a gross injustice.

I therefore retract all that I have said, either directly or indirectly, against him and offer to the Board of Education, Dr. W. Bruce Evans and the teachers of Armstrong Manual Training School this, my heartfelt apology, and am ready and willing at any time to make a similar apology publicly before the school.

I further assure the Board of Education that the principal of the Armstrong Manual Training School will never again have occasion to complain of any misconduct on my part, but I shall give him my undivided support.

Believing that the foregoing is ample and appreciative apology, I subscribe myself,

Very respectfully.

We are sorry for our friend, H. C. Harris. We trust that he and his wife will bury the hatchet.

LEGAL NOTICES.

JOHN E. COLLINS, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Holding a Probate Court.

Estate of Margaret Mathews, deceased.

No. 14,185.

Administration Docket 36.

Application having been made herein for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters testamentary on said estate, by James L. Mathews, it is ordered this 16th day of April, A. D. 1907, that Lewis Hawkins, Lottie Brown and Joseph Porter and all others concerned, appear in said Court on Monday, the 27th day of May, A. D. 1907, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why such application should not be granted. Let notice hereof be published in the "Washington Law Reporter" and The Bee once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned—the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day.

Ashley M. Gould, Justice.

Attest:

W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

John E. Collins, Attorney.

Dr. Samuel M. Pierre has returned to his home much improved in health.

Mishop Grant is in the city, the guest of Dr. Lampton.

W. C. MARTIN, ATTORNEY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Holding a Probate Court.

No. 14,333, Administration.

This is to give notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters of Administration on the estate of Wiley A. Bailey, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of March, A. D. 1908; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 26th day of March, 1907.

Ada L. Bailey, 1518 New Jersey avenue, N. W.

Attest:

James Tanner, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court.

W. C. Martin, Attorney.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For Rent.—Three good office rooms and lodge rooms for rent. See W. R. Griffin, Notary Public, True Reformers' Hall,Twelfth and U Sts., northwest.

FOR SALE.

Stylish, up-to-date canopy top Surrey (for one horse), for $85. Cost $200 three years ago. Highest offer takes it.

J. Jay Gould, 421 9th street.

FOR SALE.

Colonial Beach lot for sale; only $125, on high land, near the wharf. size, 50 by 150 feet. J. J. Gould, 421 Ninth street.

DRUG STORES.

One of the most successful druggists in South Washington is Mr. George W. Murray, Second and C streets. He is affable, and his drugs are always fresh. If you want Easter goods, don't fail to call and see him.

RICHARDSON'S.

This is an up-to-date drug store, where you get everything you want in the drug line. Everybody in South Washington knows Dr. Richardson.

COLE & SWAN,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS,

No. 1514 14TH St., N. W.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Choicest jewelry of every kind,
To suit the most fastidious mind;
With taste and skill combined,
The best and finest you will find.

MADRE'S APRK FOR PICNICS.

Madre's Park is being fitted up for picnics, lawn fetes and other outdoor amusements. A new floor will be put in the pavilion this year. For terms and other information call and see M. A. D. Madre, 1314 Eighth street northwest.

DR. MORSE'S PHARMACY.

1904 L Street N. W.

Purity, accuracy, and promptness.
Not how cheap, but how good.
Toilet articles of every description.
School Supplies.
Imported and Domestic Perfumeries.

Dr. J. W. Morse,
1904 L Street Northwest.

Jamestown Exposition

IS THE NEGRO INTERESTED?

Jamestown, Va., April 17, 1907.

The citizens of this place and vicinity are taking no interest whatever in the Jamestown Expositon. It is Jim Crow wherever you go. The colored exposition building is a quarter of a mile from the government building. This Jim Crow department is not even an annex. To get to the Negro building you must take the cars that run through the grounds. There is no reflection on the architect, because he has done his duty. There is some opposition to the manner in which concessions are given out. Thomas J. Calloway seems to be the whole thing here. Col. Giles B. Jackson, the Director-General, is nothing more than a figure head. He has nothing to say or do with the Exposition. His office is here, it is true. The colored managers are so good that they object to giving concessions to persons to open saloons, while the whites have given out 22 concessions in this direction. The Negro building will not be complete until one or two months after the opening of the Expositon. Just why the work is so slow is not known. The contract is not to have the colored building ready until one month after the opening of the Exposition. Mr. J. D. Morris, of J. T. Tanner and J. D. Morris' prm, made application for bar-room privileges but Mr. Calloway informed him that he would rather have a disorderly house than a bar-room. This remark angered Mr. Morris and if friends had not interfered, no telling what would have happened. It was announced that Mrs. Curtis was going to resign because of the race discrimination here. Just when her resignation is to be tendered is not known. The medical profession is dissatisfied with the appointment of Dr. A. M. Curtis. It s claimed that the doctors here demand that a resident surgeon should be appointed and not an outsider. All of the field agents have been recalled and it is claimed that only four persons will have c arge of the Negro Exposition.

ITEMS ON THE WING.

Last week we ran across a certain member of the craft who in conversation stated that he had severed his connection with the craft for the reason that he found that it made him many enemies and he had his living to make. This is one of the great mistakes we mak. Let us differ in our church or society matters and right away we become enemies of the most pronounced type. We have it here in Washington, D. C.

Ill. J. H. McDowell, 33d degree, P. S. G. Warden of the Grand Lodge (Virginia avenue faction), has been very sick but is improving.

Sister A. V. Thomas, Past Grand Matron O. E. S. (Virginia avenue faction), and P. M. N. Governor, H. of R., G. U. O. of O. F., has been very much under the weather. She is convalescent.

Sister Norman, wife of Ill. R. Norman, Senios Grand Warden, M. W. E. G. Lodge of Masons for the D. C. (Compack faction), fell from a ladder last week and met with a painful accident. Sister Norman is a prominent member of the H. of R., Odd Fellows.

The four express elevators of the fifteen to be installed in the 41-story building going up at Broadway and Liberty street, N. Y., will make the ascent of 612 feet in 60 seconds.

"Have you ever been the victim of a brainstorm or a mental explosion?" asked the Judge. "No, your honor," admitted the prisoner, "mine were all plain drunks."

A woman in Northern Missouri has sued an editor because in writing the obituary of her husband he stated he has gone to a happier home.

Last Friday Booker T. Washington in his address to the Negro Business League of Allegheny Co., Pa., in the John Wesley A. M. E. Church, said (from a synopsis standpoint) that the colored leaders in northern cities should let no opportunity escape them to organize and help our people in a way that there will be fewer loafers and fewer criminals, also that the South is the best place for for the great body of our race, and that the Negro is paying taxes upon over $300,000,000 worth of property in the United States and what the race has attained in the past in the face of many difficulties is a guarantee of what we can attain in the future. In conclusion he recommended that we cultivate racial pride, like the Frenchman, the Italian or the Jap. His remarks are timely.

There are four living wives of former United States Presidents, viz.: Mrs. J. H. Garfield, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. Wm. McKinley, and Mrs. Grover Cleveland.

John Hays Hammond, the mining engineer of New York, receives $800,000 per annum, which is more money than any other man ever received for his personal services.

There was a grand kick made last week because it was proposed to have colored laborers do the work of putting in place the big steel vault of the new Metropolitan Bank Building of this city. Some of our white friends fail to observe that the colored brother has acquired the same skill as he. Such acts are contemptible in every particular.

19

FAMOUS AMERICAN WISKIES

—re included in our excellent stock of 37 beverages, Prices range from 40c to $3full qt.

CHRISTIAN XANDER'S

Quality House 509 7th St. 'Phone M 274

316 4 1-2 STREET, S. W.

MURRAY'S.

I have made extensive purchases for the Easter holidays, consisting of fine Toilets and high-class Perfumes, and beautiful and useful articles. Just the things for Easter presents, at prices to suit my customers.

George W. Murray,
Druggist.
Corner Second and D streets, S. W.

$2 to $5 PER DAY

Is easily made by our agents. Will you be one? Besides allowing large profits we also give our workers choice of over 108 useful and beautiful articles *free*. We want a representative in your town to sell *Taylor's Hair Grower and Dandruff Cure* (pomade) and *Taylor's Face Cream and Beautifier* in 25 cent sizes. First to write, first to get agency. Write for our proposition today. It's a winner. Address Taylor Remedy Co., Dept.

The principal crimes committed of this day and time are by the white race and not the Negro.

Established 1866.

Gold and silver watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, mechanical tools, parel.

Old gold and silver bought.

Unredeemed pledges for sale.

361 Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.

MONEY.

For everybody at terms lower than the lowest. Don't be deceived; come to us and investigate. Business strictly confidential. No one knows of your transaction with us. We lend on furniture, pianos or salary. If you have a loan now anywhere and need more money, come to us. Nothing deducted from loan. You get full amount. Extension in case of sickness without extra charge.

METROPOLITAN LOAN & TRUST CO.

505 E Street, N. W.

GOOD RED BLOOD

MAKES YOU FEEL GREAT.

Graham's Sulphur Compound.

This is a compound cleansing tonic remedy which we can recommend to those who desire a general blood and system medicine. Sujtable for spring. It is an excellent blood purifier and enricher. Make a run-down, tired person eat better, feel better, sleep better and look better. It is a reliable, meritorious article, guaranteed under the pure drug law, and backed by the manufacturer's personal guarantee that if it does not give good results in every case the money paid will be promptly and cheerfully refunded. Especially beneficial in eczema, skin troubles, boils, pimples or any blood impurity.

A STRONG TESTIMONIAL:

I had a terrible case of eczema with intense itching, and after trying several physicians and a number of proprietary preparations without results, a friend advised me to take Graham's Sulphur Compound. I took two bottles, and am happy to say it effected a complete cure.

Respectfully,
W. D. ARRISON, Cigar Dealer,
200 5th St., S. E., Washington, D. C.

Doesn't the above convince you? This is only one of many genuine testimonials from well-known Washington people.

$1.50 COUPON $1.50

Present this Coupon and we will give you the mammoth $1.50 size Graham's Sulphur Compound for $1.02. Only one bottle to a customer, and the Coupon must be presented. : : :

$1.50 COUPON $1.50

Sold by all Druggists.

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE,
Special Agents,
824 Seventh St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

James Gordon Bennet of the New York Herald personally pleaded guilty to red light column, or in other words, immoral ads. in the Herald, and was fined $31,000, which amount he paid cash.

HOLLY MOUNT PURE RYE WHISKEY.

Sold Only By
JOHN F. MEENEHAN,
14th St. and Rhode Island Avenue, N. W.,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Phone N. 3166.

SOUTH WASHINGTON DRUG STORE.

316 4½ STREET, S. W.

RICHARDSON

EASTER FOR EVERYBODY—A CHOICE SELECTION OF EASTER TOILET ARTICLES. FINEST PERFUMES, DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED. HARMLESS DYES FOR EASTER EGGS.

SYRUP.

WHITE CEDAR PINE SYRUP FOR CURE. WILL CURE YOUR COLD IN THREE DAYS. THIS IS THE LEADING DRUG STORE IN SOUTH WASHINGTON. TRY OUR ICE CREAM SODA. EVERYTHING PURE AND UP TO DATE. DRUGS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

RICHARDSON'S,

316 4½ STREET, S. W.

P. S.—DRUGS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

HIGHER WAGES TO NEGRO WORKMEN

Secured by This New Union Order—Grows By Leaps and Bounds—Started Five Years Ago with Nothing But a "Principle"—Now Has Over 400 Subordinate Lodges and 36,000 Members.

Over 30,000 homes of our people have been filled with joy, because of the Protection of a great and powerful Union Order, which is using its strength and influence to secure better conditions for our people. This is the first and only great Union Order in this country, holding an International Union Charter from the Courts, which gives full Protection and Benefits to our race.

There is no color, race or sex discrimination in this Order. The negro has an equal standing with the white members, and can be elected to hold any office. Every effort is made to advance the condition of the members, by securing equal opportunities to work with other workmen, to learn the trades and to have steady work at high wages and Union hours.

The Grand Lodge donates $100.00 for the burial of each deceased member. A fine monthly Journal is published. A Membership Book of the Order is recognized by all Lodges everywhere. Distressed members are assisted. Each member and Subordinate Lodge has the privilege of buying stock in the Order, on low monthly payments, said stock paying 8 per cent interest, guaranteed.

A Leading Negro Deputy is wanted in each locality, AT ONCE, to form Lodges, sell Buttons, take Journal Subscriptions, sell Stock and act as DISTRICT DEPUTY ORGANIZER. This work can be done in spare hours, but many are devoting their whole time and attention to it. Big money is made by good hustlers.

Write at once. State name of this paper, and enclose 10 cents for full information and postage. Address

THE I. L. U. GRAND LODGE,
34 to 40 Canby Building, Dayton, Ohio

FORD'S

HAIR POMADE

Formerly known as

"OZONIZED OX MARROW"

So STRAIGHTENS KINKY or CURLY HAIR that it can be put up in any style desired consistent with its length. Ford's Hair Pomade was formerly known as "OZONIZED OX MARROW" and is the only safe preparation known to us that makes kinky or curly hair straight, as shown above. Its use makes the most stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly hair soft, pliable and easy to comb. These results may be obtained from one treatment; 2 to 4 bottles are usually sufficient for a year. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade removes and prevents dandruff, relieves itching, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off, makes it grow and, by nourishing the roots, gives it new life and vigor. Being elegantly perfumed and harmless, it is a toilet necessity for ladies, gentlemen and children. Ford's Hair Pomade has been made and sold continuously since about 1858, and label, "OZONIZED OX MARROW," was registered in the United States Patent Office, in 1874. Be sure to get Ford's as its use makes the hair STRAIGHT, SOFT and PLIABLE. Beware of imitations. Remember that Ford's Hair Pomade is put up only in 50 ct. size, and is made only in Chicago and by us. The genuine has the signature, Charles Ford, Prest. on each package. Refuse all others. Full directions with every bottle. Price only 50 cts. Sold by druggists and dealers. If your druggist or dealer can not supply you, he can get it for you from his jobber or wholesale dealer or send us 50 cts. for one bottle, postpaid, or $1.40 for three bottles or $2.60 for six bottles, express paid. We pay postage and express charges to all points in U. S. A. When ordering send postal or express money order, and mention name of this paper. Write your name and address plainly to

The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.

(None genuine without my signature)

Charles Ford Prest

153 E. KINZIE ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Ill. John M. Washington, 33d degree, is following in the footsteps of our Ancient Grand Master, viz., King Solomon.